



2006 Living in ULSAN

A guide for foreign residents



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Introduction

1. General Status
2. Temperature/Precipitation
3. Downtown/Suburbs
4. Industrial Complex

| The Sunrise at Ganjeolgot |

Ganjeolgot, where the sun rises first in northeast Asia, is also the place where the Haemaji(Greeting the New Year 's sun) event is held every year. Blooming around Ganjeolgot each spring are rape and azalea flowers, which turn the surrounding area into the most beautiful place in town, attracting many newly-weds.



. Introduction

1. General Status

- Area size : 1,057.1km²
- Composition : 58 eup/myeon/dong, one gun (county) and four gu (districts)
- Population : 1,087,648 (558,866 males and 528,782 females)

1) Brief History

As evidenced by earthenware and rock paintings dating back to the New Stone Age and Bronze Age, the area of Ulsan has been inhabited since ancient times. Named Ulsan during the Joseon Dynasty, it was designated as a city in 1962 and as a metropolis in July 1997. At present, it is a leading industrial city in Korea, accounting for 12 percent of the nation's total industrial production. Hyundai Motor, Samsung, SK, and Dupont are all located in Ulsan. It is also a city that hosts a variety of cultural events and festivals throughout the year.



2) Geographical Conditions

Located on the South-Eastern tip of the Korean peninsula (longitude 129° 01, ~129° 36, E and 35° 30, ~35° 43, north latitude), the area serves as the entrance to the Asian Continent. South Korea, including Ulsan, is nine hours ahead of GMT.

2. Temperature/Precipitation

	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
Average temperature ()	2.4	6.1	8.8	15.1	19.1	22.0	26.8	25.5	21.9	16.3	12.0	6.6
Precipitation (mm)	10.7	51.1	20.5	124.5	104.0	201.8	102.0	264.9	273.6	6.7	64.7	25.6

Average annual precipitation over the past 30 years: 1,274.6mm

3. Downtown/Suburbs

- Major downtown areas of the city are Seongnam-dong, Jung-gu, Samsan-dong, and Nam-gu.
 - Seongnam-dong features ultra-modern theaters, clothes/accessory stores, fast-food restaurants, cafes and backstreet markets, making it a fun place for shoppers and pleasure seekers.
 - Samsan-dong is a new shopping district that has two large department stores, restaurants, cafes and pubs.
- Many areas in Ulju-gun and Dong-gu/Buk-gu of Ulsan offer natural scenic beauty, composed as they are of mountains and coastlines; they also boast various cultural properties. In the vicinity of the area, there are many leading tourist cities, such as Gyeongju and Busan.



4. Industrial Complex

- The city has played a leading role in the nation's industrial development. The Ulsan/Mipo/Onsan National Industrial Complexes are located along the coast in Nam-gu/Dong-gu of Ulsan and Ulju-gun.



For more details please refer to the Guidebook to the Industrial and Investment Environment of Ulsan.

. Information for Everyday Life

1. Purchase or lease of houses

- Two leading information sources related to the purchase or lease of houses are real estate brokers and newspapers distributed on streets or near apartment complexes.
- House purchase/lease contracts can be made either directly between related parties or through a real estate broker. In the latter's case, a brokerage fee should be paid under the relevant law.



In the case of a problem arising relating to real estate brokerage, free counseling is offered from the Korea Real Estate Brokers' Association, Ulsan Chapter.

Address : 1614-2 Samsan-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan
Phone : 052-222-7772

1) Housing types available for purchase or lease

Type	Details
Apartments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • From five-story buildings upwards • Offer management office and security guards • Offer stores, convenience facilities and parking lots
Private houses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Built on privately-owned land
Villas	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usually five-story buildings • Offer larger spaces than apartments • Offer management office and security guards
One-room studios (also called "officetels")	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Office space that can also be used as a private house, usually for a single person • Offer management office, security guards and parking lots
Multi-family row houses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Small-sized apartments in (typically) five-story buildings • Offer parking lots • No management office or security guards

2) House purchase

(1) Laws

- In Korea it is customary to purchase a building along with the land on which it stands together.
- Different laws (i.e. the Law Pertaining to Foreigners' Purchasing Real Estate, the Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Act and the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act) apply to a foreigner purchasing real estate in Korea, depending on what status he or she holds and for what purpose he or she purchases it.

(2) Purchasing a house

- In the case of making a real estate contract via a broker, it is advisable to check the broker's creditworthiness and experience in advance.
- You may ask the broker to perform all necessary procedures, including ownership transfer registration, on your behalf.
- It is possible to make contracts in English.
- It is required to check the real estate register at the relevant registration office prior to making a contract. (You must show your passport and Alien Registration Card.)

3) Leasing a house

(1) Types of lease

	Details
Jeonse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paying a full deposit (usually 10~20 times the monthly rent in the market) up-front for a lease contract for one or two years. • The house owner shall return the full-deposit at the close of the contract. • No payment of monthly rent. • Payment of 10 percent of the full deposit at the time of signing the contract. • Payment of the balance at the time of moving into the house. • The tenant shall keep the house in good order.
Wolse (A small deposit and monthly rent payment system)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Payment of monthly rent for a lease contract for one or two years. • Payment of a security deposit (usually 10~20 times the monthly rent in the market). • Payment of 10 percent of the security deposit at the time of signing the contract. • Payment of the balance and a month's rent at the time of moving into the house. • The house owner shall return the security deposit at the close of the contract.

(2) Having the priority right insured

- A tenant can have his or her right to the full-deposit or the security deposit made in leasing a house protected under the law by having the priority right confirmed by the relevant authorities (i.e., by a relevant registration office, a notary public, or the local government office). Presentation of Alien Registration Card and original lease contract is required.
- A foreigner shall have his/her venue for stay changed at the relevant office. (Presentation of passport or Alien Registration Card required.)
- The foregoing protection of the full-deposit or the security deposit does not apply to the case of leasing a house in the name of a corporation.

(3) Caution of the house contract

- Payment of monthly rent
 - The house owner and tenant may agree to either payment of the total amount of rent for the entire period of the lease at the time of signing the contract or moving into the house, or monthly payment.
 - Payment shall be made either in won (common method) or dollars.
- Lease period
 - A lease contract is made usually for one to three years.
 - In the case a tenant must leave Korea prior to termination of the contract period for an unavoidable reason, he/she may ask for cancellation of the contract if he/she has fulfilled at least half of the contract period.
- Prepaid monthly rent
 - If the tenant offers a legitimate reason for the premature cancellation of the contract, he/she may get the rent for the remaining period returned.
- Check of register
 - You must check to see whether the other party is the rightful owner of the property or the property is offered as collateral prior to signing the contract.
 - It is advisable not to lease property which is offered as collateral in consideration of liability obligations.
- Maintenance expense
 - The tenant should pay utility (electricity, gas, water supply, heating, etc.) charges, which are not usually included in monthly rent.
 - It is necessary to clearly determine who shall bear maintenance expenses related to parking lots and elevators.

<Real estate brokerage fee>

	Transaction amount	Brokerage fee	Upper limit
For purchase or exchange	• Less than KRW50million	Not more than 0.6% of the transaction amount	KRW250,000
	• Not less than KRW50 million, but less than KRW200 million	Not more than 0.5%	KRW800,000
	• Not less than KRW200 million, but less than KRW600 million	Not more than 0.4%	
For lease	• Less than KRW50million	Not more than 0.6% of the transaction amount	KRW200,000
	• Not less than KRW50 million, but less than KRW100 million	Not more than 0.5%	KRW300,000
	• Not less than KRW100 million, but less than KRW300 million	Not more than 0.4%	

Procedure to follow for a foreigner to purchase real estate

- When purchasing real estate in Korea, a foreigner shall apply for a relevant number for real estate registration. In the case of an ethnic Korean, his/her number of reporting his/her residence in Korea (as stated in the Law Pertaining to Immigration of Ethnic Koreans Residing in Japan and their Legal Status, Article 7, Paragraph 1) may take the place of the requirement stated in the foregoing sentence.
- The application stated in the foregoing paragraph shall be submitted to the head of the local or central Immigration Office.



2. Public transportation

1) Traffic information

- For real-time traffic information, please visit the website of Ulsan Metropolitan City (<http://www.ulsan.go.kr>).

The Ulsan Traffic Management Center

(<http://www.its.ulsan.kr/cctv/cctv.jsp>) provides real-time information on the traffic situation in Ulsan, along with intra/inter-city bus and railroad maps, and fare and tourist information.



2) Traffic card

- When using an intra-city bus, please pass your traffic card over the terminal located next to the driver.
- When taking another bus within an hour after getting off a bus, you are eligible for a discount. For this, please pass your traffic card over the terminal when getting off the bus.
- Purchase and recharge of traffic card
 - You can buy a KRW4,000 or KRW6,000 traffic card at a stall located next to a bus stop and recharge it for an amount up to KRW500,000. Traffic cards included in credit cards are issued by Kookmin Bank or Kookmin Card.
 - For inquiries related to traffic cards, please call :
 - 1588-8585 for Kyongnam Bank
 - 052-273-0866 for Samsung Card, Ulsan Branch
 - 080-223-1184 for Ulsan Traffic Card



<Bus Fare>

		Traffic card	Token	Cash		Traffic card	Token	Cash	
Ordinary intra-city bus	Special intra-city bus	Adults	950	950	1,000	Adults	1,300	1,300	1,500
		High school students				High school students	1,100		1,400
		Children				Children	900		900
	Intra-city late-night bus	Adults				Adults	550		600
		High school students				High school students	450		500
		Children	350	-	350	Children	250		250

3) Intra-city buses

- There are ordinary, special, late-night and village shuttle buses.
- Each bus has a road map showing stops and makes announcements on the next stop all in Korean.



The Intra-City Bus Information Book is provided free of charge at tourist information booths and local administrative offices.

4) Taxis

- There are ordinary taxis and call taxis.
 - Ordinary taxis : Basic charge is KRW1,800 for the first 2 kilometers. There is an extra charge added late at night.
 - Call taxis : Taxis you call to your location.



<Ordinary taxis>

5) Highway buses and inter-city buses

- Highway buses run between two fixed cities, while inter-city buses take additional passengers at stops on the way to destinations.
- Ulsan Highway Bus Terminals :
- There are three inter-city bus terminals; Ulsan Inter-City Bus Terminal (052 - 275 - 8087), Eonyang Inter-City Bus Terminal (052 - 262 - 1007) and Beongeojin Inter-City Bus Terminal (052 - 232 - 3723).

Destinations for intra-city buses departing from Ulsan

- Busan, Masan, Changwon, Jinhae, Jinju, Gyeongju, Pohang, Donghae, Gangneung, East Seoul, Geochang, Cheongju, Haeundae, Chungju, Jeoncheon, Eonyang, Seoknamsa, Andong, Yeosu, Suncheon, Incheon, Jangseungpo, Chuncheon, Seongnam, Hadong, Gampo, Daegu, Yangsan, Gimhae, Gyeongsan, Jinha, Youngs University and Gunsan.
- For more details please visit :
 - <http://ulsan.go.kr/php/lifestyle/traffic/nbus02.html>
 - For inquiries please call : 052 - 275 - 8087~8

Highway buses departing from Ulsan

- For Seoul, from 06:00 a.m. to 00:40 a.m. (five hours)
- For Daejeon, from 06:20 a.m. to 10:30 p.m. (three and a half hours)
- For Daegu, from 06:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. (one and a half hours)
- For Gwangju, from 07:00 a.m. to 10:10 p.m. (four and a half hours)
- For Jeonju, from 09:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (five hours)
- For Cheonan, from 06:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. (four and a half hours)
- For more details please visit :
 - <http://www.cobus.co.kr>
 - For inquiries please call: 052-268-1556

6) Railroad

- You can purchase tickets at any railroad station or via the Internet.
- There are two ordinary trains : Mugunghwa and Saemaedul. Saemaedul is the faster of the two and provides mobile phones, pay phones and dining car service. Mugunghwa makes many stops at small stations.

- KTX, which currently serves the Seoul-Daegu and Seoul-Mokpo routes, is scheduled to extend its service to Ulsan by 2010. At present, East Daegu is the nearest KTX station for those in Ulsan.
 - KTX makes it possible to go anywhere in South Korea within three hours. It provides special facilities for the handicapped, pay phones, fax machines, and audio/video equipment.

<Links with KTX leaving East Daegu bound for Seoul>

		Leaves Ulsan	Arrives in East Daegu	Links with KTX leaving East Daegu	Arrives in Seoul	Time taken
For Seoul	Saemaedul	7:25 a.m.	9:11 a.m.	9:39 a.m.	11:27 a.m.	4 hrs and 2 min.
	Mugunghwa	9:20 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:33 a.m.	13:20 a.m.	4 hrs.
	Mugunghwa	1:30 p.m.	15:20 p.m.	3:32 p.m.	5:10 p.m.	3 hrs. 40 min.
	Mugunghwa	4:20 p.m.	18:14 p.m.	6:26 p.m.	8:08 p.m.	3 hrs. 48 min.
	Saemaedul	5:25 p.m.	19:09 p.m.	7:39 p.m.	9:27 p.m.	4 hrs. 2 min.
	Mugunghwa	7:30 p.m.	21:28 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	11:32 p.m.	4 hrs. 2 min.

<Links with ordinary trains leaving East Daegu bound for Ulsan>

	Leaves Seoul by KTX	Arrives in East Daeguby KTX	Links with ordinary trains leaving East Daegu	Arrives in Ulsan	Time taken
For Ulsan	7:15 a.m.	9:02 a.m.	9:15 a.m. by Mugunghwa	11:28 a.m.	4 hrs. 13 min.
	9:00 a.m.	10:36 a.m.	11:01 a.m. by Saemaedul	12:49 p.m.	3 hrs. 49 min.
	11:40 a.m.	1:16 p.m.	1:55 p.m. by Mugunghwa	3:51 p.m.	4 hrs. 11 min.
	3:00 p.m.	4:46 p.m.	5:00 p.m. by Mugunghwa	6:54 p.m.	3 hrs. 54 min.
	5:15 p.m.	6:51 p.m.	7:10 p.m. by Mugunghwa	9:03 p.m.	3 hrs. 48 min.
	7:00 p.m.	8:41 p.m.	9:01 p.m. by Saemaedul	10:50 p.m.	3 hrs. 50 min.

For more details

- please visit www.korail.go.kr, or
- call Ulsan Station at 052 - 272 - 7019



7) Flight

(1) Domestic flights by Korean Air (<http://kr.koreanair.com>)

<From Ulsan Airport (As of January 2006)>

Destination	Time taken	Fare (Unit : KRW)			Excessive luggage surcharge (per each kg in excess)
		Mon~Thurs	Fri~Sun	During high season	
Seoul	1 hr	65,900	74,900	81,900	1,240
Jeju	1 hr	65,400	74,900	81,900	1,100

For more details please visit: <http://ulsan.airport.co.kr/kor/index.jsp>

<From Gimhae Airport (As of January 2006)>

Destination	Time taken	Fare			Excessive luggage surcharge (per each kg in excess)
		Mon~Thurs	Fri~Sun	During high season	
Seoul	1 hr.	62,400	71,900	78,900	1,240
Incheon	1 hr.	78,900	78,900	78,900	1,240
Jeju	55 min.	56,900	65,400	71,900	1,100
Yangyang	1 hr.	61,900	71,400	78,400	1,230

For more details please visit: <http://gimhae.airport.co.kr/index.jsp>

(2) International flights

<Incheon International Airport>

Airlines	Departure		For more information, please visit :
	Destination	Availability	
Korean Air Phone : 1588-2001 *Information provided in English, Japanese and Korean.	Fukuoka (FUK)	Every day	http://kr.koreanair.com
	Osaka (KIX)	Every day	
	Nagoya (NGO)	Every day	
	Tokyo (NRT)	Every day	
	Bangkok (BKK)	Mon, Wed, Thurs, Sun	
	Shanghai (PVG)	Every day	
	Hong Kong (HKG)	Wed, Fri, Sun	
	Xian/Xianyang (XIY)	Mon, Thurs	
	Qingdao (TAO)	Tues, Thurs, Sat	

Airlines	Departure		For more information, please visit :
	Destination	Availability	
Asiana Airlines Phone : 1588-8000 *Information provided in English, Japanese and Korean.	Fukuoka (FUK)	Fri, Sun	www.flyasiana.com
	Osaka (KIX)	Every day	
	Beijing (PEX)	Every day	
	Shenyang (SHE)	Tues, Sat	
	Hangzhou (HGH)	Tues, Thurs, Fri, Sat	
	Guangzhou (CAN)	Wed, Sat	
	Bangkok (BKK)	Fri, Sun	
Japan Airlines (JAL) Phone : 822 469 1215	Manila (MNL)	Mon	www.jal.co.kr
	Osaka (KIX)	Every day	
	Tokyo (NRT)	Every day	
Vladivostok Air (VLK) 822 465 2267	Nagoya (NGO)	Every day	www.vladivostokavia.co.kr
	Vladivostok (WO)	Mon	
Air-China (CCA) 822 463 6888	Beijing (PEX)	Every day	www.air-china.co.kr
	Qingdao (TAO)	Tues, Fri	
China Eastern Airlines (CES) 822 973 8254	Shanghai (SHA)	Every day	www.ce-air.com
Vietnam Airlines (HVN) 822 461 0123	Ho Chi Minh City (SGN)	Mon, Wed, Fri, Sat	www.vietnamairlines.co.kr
China Southern Airlines (CSN) 822 469 9075	Shenyang (SHE)	Mon, Thurs, Fri	www.cna.com.cn
Philippine Airlines (PAL) 822 466 0333	Manila (MNL)	Wed, Thurs, Sat, Sun	www.philippineair.co.kr
Thai Airways (THA) 822 463 8181	Bangkok (BKK)	Tues, Thurs	www.thair.com
Northwest (NWA) 822 469 7900	Los Angeles (LAX)	Every day	www.nwa.com
	Minneapolis (MSP)	Every day	
Trans Asia Airways 822 463 0093	Taipei (TPE)	Tues, Thurs, Sat	www.patkoren.net
Air Macau (AMU) 822 462 5888	Macao (AMU)	Wed, Sun	www.airmacau.co.kr

8) International passenger vessel

- You can reach the nearest international passenger vessel terminal in Busan by inter-city bus from Ulsan. (Busan Bus Terminal → Take subway at Nopodong → Jungang-dong Station/Exit 10)

Destination	Availability	Departure time	Fare (KRW)
Shimonoseki (Busan-Shimonoseki Ferry)	Every day	7:00 p.m.	85,000~236,000
Fukuoka (M/V New Camellia)	Mon, Tues, Wed	11:30 p.m.	80,000~180,000
Fukuoka (M/V Beatle 2)	Every day	8:45 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 2:15 p.m. (in winter)	95,000
	Every day	8:30 a.m., noon, 2:45 p.m., 3:30 p.m. (in summer)	
Fukuoka (M/V Coby)	Every day	9:00 a.m., 14:30 p.m. (in winter)	95,000
	Every day	8:35 a.m., 12:05 p.m., 2:45 p.m. (in summer)	
Osaka (M/V Panstarline)	Tues, Thurs, Sat	4:00 p.m.	110,000~700,000
Tsusima (M/V Sea Flower)	Mon, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, Sun	10:30 a.m.	62,000~70,000

For more details please visit <http://www.busanferry.co.kr/index.jsp> or call 051-465-3471.



3. Driver's license

1) Korean driver's license

- Type-I and II, depending on the car you are going to drive.
- You need to have basic driving knowledge to pass the written exam.
 - To obtain a driver's license, you must pass a written exam, skills exam, road test and aptitude test administered by the police.
 - Attending a private driving skills institute will help you pass the exam more easily, but it takes time and money.



For more details, please visit the website of the Driver's License Agency (www.dla.go.kr). (Information provided in English, Chinese, Japanese and Korean).

Ulsan (Eonyang) Driver's License Skills Exam Site

- How to reach the site
 - Take No. 1713 bus at the Ulsan Intra-City Bus Terminal and it will bring you directly to the site.
 - The bus runs every half hour between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. and it takes about 50 minutes from the Ulsan Intra-City Bus Terminal to the site.
 - If someone is driving you by car, please go in the direction of Eonyang at the West Ulsan Tollgate, or come to Eonyang via No. 24 Highway and then go about 3 kilometers along the road leading to Seoknam Temple. The site is the white building on your left.
- For inquiries, please call 052 - 262 - 1181-3.

2) International driver's license

- An international driver's license issued in a foreign country is valid for a year.
 - You are allowed to drive only the types of vehicles stated on the international driver's license.
 - If you have failed to pass an aptitude test as required by local regulations, or caused a traffic accident, you are prohibited from driving a vehicle, even if you have an international driver's license.

- You must carry your driver's license while driving.

3) Foreign driver's license holders

- If you are from a country that recognizes Korean driver's licenses, you may apply for a Korean driver's license based on the license issued by your home country. If you are from other countries, you must pass a written exam to obtain a Korean driver's license.

Items to be submitted when applying for a Korean driver's license.

- The license issued by your home country, Alien Registration Card, three 3 x 4-inch photos of yourself, and the handling charge of KRW10,000 together with :
- A translation of the contents of your driver's license, including the date of issuance and validity. This does not apply in the case of a driver's license written in English.
- Passport issued at the time of issuance of the driver's license or a certificate verifying facts about your arrival in Korea. For more details, please visit www.dla.go.kr.

4) Regulations you must observe while driving in Korea:

- Seat belts : The driver and the individual sitting in the front passenger's seat must fasten their seat belts. All those riding a motorcycle must wear a helmet.
- No use of cellular phones while driving, if caught using a cellular phone while driving, a fine will be levied.
- No driving under the influence of alcohol: If caught, driver is subject to driver's license suspension, cancellation or criminal punishment, depending on blood alcohol level.
- Violating the Road Traffic Act or causing a traffic accident results in a fine or cancellation/suspension of your driver's license, depending on the severity of the violation or traffic accident.
- In the case of a traffic accident, please call 112 or the nearest police box.
- Penalty points or fines for violation of the Road Traffic Act
 - Violations related to the center line : KRW30,000~70,000 (or 30 points)
 - Violations related to traffic signals : KRW30,000~70,000 (or 15 points)
 - Parking violations : KRW20,000~50,000
- Accumulated penalty points

- Your driver's license shall be suspended for 40 days if your accumulated penalty points amount to 40.
- Your driver's license shall be cancelled if you are caught driving with a blood alcohol level over 0.1 percent.

For more details please visit : http://www.dla.go.kr/Html_index.jsp

5) Automobile registration and insurance subscription

(1) Registration of a new car

- A newly purchased car shall be registered with the Vehicle Registration Office. The car seller usually completes the procedures on your behalf.
- When registering a new car, you need to present your passport and Alien Registration Card.
- Failure to comply with the obligation for registration on behalf of the vehicle purchaser will have the car seller subjected to a fine of KRW1 million.
- You can use your newly purchased car for ten days with a temporary license plate.

(2) Change of address

- If your address in Korea has been changed, you must report it to the registration office within 15 days, failing you must pay a fine of up to KRW300,000.

(3) Vehicle insurance

- Purchased vehicles must be insured against liability to third parties.
- You are advised to choose an insurance product most suited to your needs by checking the details and insurance premium.

Leading non-life insurance companies in Korea

- AIG www.aiggeneral.co.kr 02 - 2260 - 6800
- Green www.directins.co.kr 1588 - 5959
- LIG www.lginsure.com 1544 - 0114
- Samsung www.samsungfire.com 1588 - 5114
- Hyundai www.hi.co.kr 1588 - 5656
- First www.firstfire.co.kr 1566 - 8282
- Shin-dong-a www.sdafire.com 1566 - 8000

4. Waste disposal

Non-recyclable household waste must be contained in designated plastic bags at the time of disposal. Food waste must be contained in separate bags.

1) Ordinary waste

- Non-recyclable household waste contained in designated plastic bags will be collected by municipal workers at designated hours.
- Designated plastic bags can be purchased at supermarkets in your neighborhood.

Prices of waste plastic bags

- 5 : KRW150~200
- 10 : KRW250~350
- 20 : KRW550~650
- 50 : KRW1,000~2,000
- 100 : KRW2,500~3,500



2) Recyclable waste

(1) Food waste

- Food waste is used as animal feed or fertilizer after reprocessing. Impurities and moisture must be removed before disposal.
- Food waste contained in a special container will be collected by municipal workers at designated hours.
- If you live in an apartment complex, simply put your waste bags at the designated place. The rest will be taken care of by the management office.
- Prices for self-adhesive stickers for food waste containers :
KRW1,600~2,000 for 5

(2) Recyclable waste

- Steel scraps, second-hand clothes, styrofoam, paper, fluorescent lamps, plastic goods, plastic wrappings
- Recyclable waste bags placed in front of your house will be collected by municipal workers on designated days of the week.

Municipal offices in charge of waste collection

- 052 - 290 - 0335 at the Jung-Gu Office, Ulsan
- 052 - 271 - 2545 at the Nam-Gu Office, Ulsan
- 052 - 230 - 9550 at the Dong-Gu Office, Ulsan
- 052 - 219 - 7710 at the Buk-Gu Office, Ulsan
- 052 - 229 - 7550 at the Ulju-Gun Office

(3) Large-sized waste

- As for large-sized waste that can't be contained in plastic waste bags, e.g. furniture, household appliances and wooden items, please contact the municipal office, which will inform you of relevant details, including the disposal charge.
- The charge differs, depending on waste type and size.

**Do not dispose household waste in an unauthorized way.
It is against the law.**

- Always use designated plastic bags for household waste.
- There is no waste collection on Sundays and public holidays. Do not place waste bags in front of your house on such days.
- Please report an act of unauthorized disposing of household waste to the relevant municipal office.
- Fine for unauthorized disposing of household waste : KRW100,000~1 million. (The individual who reports a case of unauthorized disposing of waste will be paid half of the fine imposed).

Be sure to sort out recyclable waste according to kind of material.

- Use designated plastic bags for non-recyclable waste, including vinyl-coated paper, painted/oiled articles or sponges.
- Contact the relevant municipal office for instructions on the disposal of household appliances, sofas, chairs, mattresses, furniture, and wooden articles.

Food waste

- Be sure to :
 - remove moisture before disposing food waste,
 - contain it in designated bags, and
 - place it in front of your house on the designated date, with a self-adhesive sticker attached, showing that you have paid the charge.

How to dispose of household waste

	Disposal	Collected	Be sure to
Ordinary waste	8 p.m. ~ 12 p.m. on Sun. through Fri.	1 a.m. ~ 10 a.m. on Mon. through Sat. No waste collected on Sundays and public holidays	Place the designated waste bag in front of your house
Recyclable waste	8 p.m. ~ 12 p.m. on Sun. through Fri.	1 a.m. ~ 10 a.m. on Mon. through Sat. No waste collected on Sundays and public holidays	Place it in front of your house, tying similar items together or putting them in gunny sacks
Food waste	8 p.m. ~ 12 p.m. on Sun., Tues., Thurs.	1 a.m. ~ 9 a.m. on Mon., Wed., Fri. No waste collected on Sunday	Place the designated bag in front of your house with a self-adhesive payment sticker attached
	8 p.m. ~ 12 p.m. on Mon., Wed., Fri.	1 a.m. ~ 9 a.m. on Tues., Thurs., Sat. No waste collected on Sunday	

How to dispose of recyclable waste

	Recyclable	Non-recyclable	How to dispose
Paper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Papers, newspapers, books Paper packs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vinyl-coated papers (such as leaflets) Disposable diapers, used toilet paper Fax papers, water-proof papers, photos 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Milk cartons should be rinsed, spread out and disposed of separately from ordinary papers
Bottle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Beverage/liquor bottles, Ringer's solution bottles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cosmetics bottles, china, porcelain, earthenware bottles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> These should be separately disposed of with impurities removed
Plastic	 Beverage/liquor bottles	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Most industrial products Articles made of composite materials such as toys, household appliances, stationeries, ball-point pens Egg containers Disposable food dishes Large-sized water jugs Phones 	Recyclable items should be separated from others <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yogurt bottles Dispose in a compressed state, if possible
	 Milk/shampoo bottles		
	 Body cleanser bottles		
	 Boxes		
	 Yogurt bottles		

	Recyclable	Non-recyclable	How to dispose
Plastic	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confectionery /ramen bags /food wrappers thus marked 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mayonnaise bottles, food bowls, milk bottles, ketchup bottles, kettle handles Ramen soup bags 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> They should be fastened together with contents emptied.
Can	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steel cans, aluminum cans, butane gas cans 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cans stained with paint or oil 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cans should be rinsed and compacted.
Steel scrap	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steel items, including nails and food bowls 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Products made of composite items such as electric fans or rice cookers Containers stained with paint or waste oil 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steel items should be separated from others.
Styrofoam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Packing materials 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Those stained with impurities Thick-coated ones, colored ones 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> They should be contained in bags or tied together. It is obligatory for household appliance companies to collect their styrofoam packing materials.
Clothes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cotton, all-wool or synthetic fiber items, 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bedding, carpet, hanbok, pillows, leather goods 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> They should be folded neatly. Wet clothes should be dried.
Plastic bags	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disposable plastic bags 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plastic items stained with impurities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impurities should be removed. Colored ones should be separated from uncolored ones.
Fluorescent lamp	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unbroken fluorescent lamps 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Broken fluorescent lamps 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> They should be collected in a separate box.



5. Telephone

- **KT website (www.kt.co.kr) (in English and Chinese)**
- **For phone-related inquiries, please call 100 (KT Customer Center)**
 - SK Telecom (www.sktelecom.co.kr) (in English and Chinese)
 - KTF (www.ktfmembers.com)
 - LG Telecom (www.lgtelecom.com) (in English)
 - Number for collect call : 1541 (KT), 1633 (Dacom) and 1677 (Onse)

1) Home phone

(1) Installation

- You need to pay a visit to the local KT office in person and present your passport or Alien Registration Card.
- Your address should be accurate. If you would like to have your monthly phone charge paid from your bank account, you should present your bankbook.
- Subscription charge (KRW60,000) is nonrefundable. Basic monthly charge comes to KRW5,200.
- A monthly phone charge invoice will be mailed to you. You should pay it at a bank before the due date unless you have made arrangements for direct payment from your bank account.



(2) Moving a phone number to a new location

- You can request to move your phone number to a new location either by calling the area code + 0000 or by paying a visit to the local phone office.

(3) Reporting phone malfunctions

- Please call 100 (ext. 2) to report phone malfunctions. A repair technician will visit you within one or two days.

(4) Cancellation of phone subscription

- You need to visit the local KT office in person and present your passport or Alien Registration Card.

2) Cellular phones

- Application for a cellular phone can be made through SK Telecom, KTF Telecom, or LG Telecom by visiting an agent store of one of these telecom service providers. (You need to present your passport and Alien Registration Card).
- You are advised to choose a charge system most suited to you.
- If you would like to transfer to another telecom service provider, you must buy a new cellular phone handset.
- Telecom service providers offer a variety of benefits to their subscribers (e.g. discounts at cinemas, theme parks, restaurants). For more details, please visit their agent stores or websites.

3) Pay phones

- There are three types of pay phones, i.e. coin, phone card and credit card phones.
- Phone cards can be purchased at stalls located next to bus stops or at banks. Prices range between KRW2,000~ 10,000.
- Collect calls can be made on pay phones subject to the receiver's consent.
 - KT international call (001, 00727) www.kt-eplaza.com
 - Telecom (002, 00300) www.telecity.co.kr
 - Onse (008, 00365) www.onse.net

4) International call

- It is advisable to compare charges offered by the three international call service providers by visiting their websites.
- Telecom service providers offer a 30~50 percent discount in phone charges in the early hours (i.e. before 8 a.m.), and late at night (after 9 p.m.) or on public holidays.

5) Long distance call

- Please remember to dial the area code first when making a long-distance call.

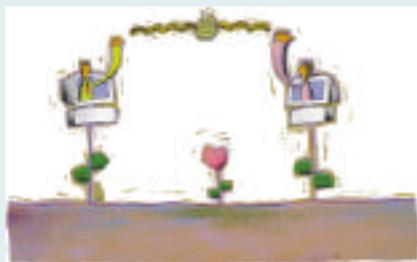
Area codes

Seoul (02), South Chungcheong (041), Ulsan (052), South Jeolla (061), Gyeonggi (031), Daejeon (042), Daegu (053), Gwangju (062), Incheon (032), North Chungcheong (043), North Gyeongsang(054), North Jeolla (063), Gangwon (033), Busan (051), South Gyeongsang (055), Jeju (064)

6. High-speed Internet/Mail

1) High-speed Internet

- You can get access to high-speed Internet service in most areas of Korea. Please check monthly charges offered by the service providers.
- Charges may differ depending on the contract period (i.e. one year, two years or three years). Basic monthly charges range from KRW25,200 to KRW30,000, with VAT and charge for modem use (KRW3,000~5,000) not included. Initial installation charge comes to about KRW30,000.



2) Mail

- Post offices provide door-to-door delivery, banking and insurance service, in addition to handling mail.
- Domestic mail is divided into letter post (express and ordinary) and parcel post (express and ordinary).
 - Express letter/parcel posts are delivered to the receiver by the following day. Ordinary letter/parcel posts are delivered to the receiver within four days.
 - A parcel can be delivered either to the nearest post office or to the receiver's address, as the sender chooses.
 - Basic rates are KRW190 for an ordinary letter, KRW2,200 for an ordinary parcel, and KRW 3,500 for a registered parcel. Rates differ depending on the weight and the receiver's area. Door-to-door delivery service requires a surcharge.
- International mail is divided into ordinary letter post, parcel post and EMS (Express Mail Service).
 - Maximum weight acceptable for international mail : 30kg
 - Rates differ depending on the kind, size and weight of mail.

For more details, please visit : www.koreapost.go.kr or call KOREA POST Call Center : 1588-1300 or 080-600-1300.

7. Door-to-door delivery service

- You may call 1588-1300 or visit <http://www.epost.go.kr> if you would like the post office to pick up an item at your location for door-to-door delivery service. There are also private firms engaged in door-to-door delivery service.
- It is advisable to provide all information concerning the parcel, i.e. description and market price etc. for proper compensation for a lost item, to wrap it up properly, and ask for delivery precautions in the case that the item is fragile.
- When receiving an item through door-to-door delivery service:
 - Please be sure to check to see the contents are in good condition first. It is advisable to refuse to accept it if the contents have been damaged.
 - Complaints on any defects in the package as a result of door-to-door delivery must be submitted no later than 14 days after receiving the package.
 - It is advisable to choose a firm equipped with a nationwide service network.
 - For more details, please visit <http://www.epost.go.kr> or call 1588-1300.

<Post Office rates for door-to-door delivery service>

	Up to 2 kg	Up to 5 kg	Up to 10 kg	Up to 20 kg	Up to 30 kg
Delivery to area within the same city	KRW4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000
Delivery to another area	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000

8. Power supply

Electricity charges are calculated on a progressive scale system. The date on which to check the meter differs from region to region. At present, the TV reception fee is included in the electricity charge invoice.

1) When moving in/out

- When the house or apartment you are moving into has its own electricity meter, please be sure to check to see whether the previous owner or tenant has paid what is due in advance so that you are not left to pay it.

2) Changing the name of the user

- You may ask the local KEPCO office to change the name of the user by visiting their office in person or by sending a fax.
- For more details please visit the KEPCO Customer Center (www.kepcoco.kr) or call 123.

9. Water supply

- The water supply charge is billed monthly.
 - A multi-household building may have only one water meter, or, each household in such a building may have its own water meter.
- Each household in an apartment has its own water meter.
 - If the monthly water supply charge appears to be unusually high, you are advised to ask the relevant authorities to check for water leakage.

Relevant authorities : Waterworks Headquarters of Ulsan Metropolitan City
(Phone : 052 - 229 - 5520 ~ 1)

10. Banking

1) Opening an account/cash card

- To open a bank account, you need to visit the bank in person and present your passport and Alien Registration Card.
- The bank will issue you a bankbook and a cash card. With the cash card, you can withdraw money from your account at ATMs located throughout the city at your convenience.

2) Types of deposits

- Ordinary deposit: Allows you to deposit/withdraw money freely, but offers a relatively low interest rate.
- Fixed-time deposit: Money must remain in your bank account for a certain "fixed" period of time (no withdrawals allowed); offers a relatively high interest rate.

- Installment savings: A fixed amount of money is deposited on an installment plan to increase the total amount of savings over a certain period of time. It offers a higher interest rate than that of ordinary an deposit.

3) Automatic transfer of public charges from your bank account

- It is common these days for people to use unmanned machines installed at banks to pay monthly utility (i.e. gas, water supply and electricity) charges.
 - It is convenient to make an arrangement for automatic transfer of public charges from your bank account. The arrangement can be made at your bank by presenting your Alien Registration Card and bankbook.

4) Internet banking

- For Internet banking, you need to ask your bank to issue you a security card and digital certification, which are then used to perform banking transactions on your bank's website.
 - Through Internet banking, you can transfer money from your account to another account without paying a visit to the bank in person.
 - Please note that there may be a security problem related to Internet banking at a computer jointly used by several people.

5) Overseas remittance

- You can send money overseas at a bank handling foreign exchange. You can choose from among three methods: telegraphic transfer, check transfer and mail transfer.
- Telegraphic transfer (T/T) is the most rapid and accurate method of remittance. You must know the name of the bank (in English), the relevant branch to which you wish to remit the money via T/T, the account number, address, phone number, bank code etc.
- When remitting money overseas, you need to present your bankbook and a wage breakdown sheet issued by the company you work for.
- Mail transfer
 - This method remits money to a bank in a foreign country via registered mail.
- Cheque transfer
 - This method sends a cheque issued by your bank to a person in a foreign country by mail. It is typically used to send small amounts of money.

6) Money exchange

- You can change your money into the currency of a certain country at virtually any bank. You need to present your passport and Alien Registration Card.
- You need to keep the transaction record sheet issued by the bank when you change your money into Korean currency. Please present it when you change Korean currency into foreign currency at the time of departure from Korea.

11. Tax

- A resident alien in Korea is obligated to pay national and local taxes.

For national tax-related inquiries, please call :
1588-0060 or www.nts.go.kr
or visit : Ulsan Tax Office (052-259-0200 or <http://b.nts.go.kr/us/>)

- (1) **National taxes** : Income/corporate/inheritance/gift/education tax and VAT
- (2) **Local taxes** : Acquisition/registration/residents'/automobile tax
 - Residents' tax : Levied by the local administrative unit in August. You are also required to pay resident tax equal to 10 percent of income tax.
 - Automobile tax : Levied on your private automobile. Half paid in June, and the balance in December. Payment of the whole amount in June is eligible for a 10 percent discount. At the time of purchasing a car, you must pay acquisition tax (equal to 2 percent of the acquisition value) and registration tax (calculated based on the acquisition value).
- (3) **District taxes** : Property/composite land/license/business tax
 - Composite land tax: Levied on land owners in June.
 - Property tax: Levied on building owners in June.



12. Education

1) Education system

(1) For pre-schoolers

- There are private or government-run day care centers.
Monthly fee
 - KRW120,00~230,000 for government-run facilities
 - KRW170,000~240,000 for private-run facilities
- Kindergarten :
They usually provide lunch and transportation.
Monthly fee
 - KRW30,000 for public
 - KRW150,000 for private

(2) Elementary school (Six-year compulsory course)

- A foreigner can enter an elementary school in his/her neighborhood by presenting the Alien Registration Card or certification issued by the Immigration Office.
- No tuition fee is paid. Textbooks are provided free. Expenses for additional materials, lunch or trips should be paid by parents or guardians.

(3) Middle school (Three-year course)

- Elementary school graduates are assigned to junior high schools in their neighborhood through computer-based lottery drawing.
- A graduate from an elementary school in a foreign country can be assigned to a junior high school by contacting the local office of education. The following documents should be submitted; record of academic performance; copy of diploma; the relevant foreign government's certificate corresponding to a copy of one's family register in Korea; certificate concerning the person's residence in Korea, and the Alien Registration Card.

(4) High school (Three-year course)

- A graduate of a nine-year educational course in a foreign country, or of a foreign school in Korea corresponding to the elementary and middle school courses of Korea, can be admitted into high school.
- Please contact the department in charge of high school education of the local office of education for admission procedures.
- Tuition fee : KRW300,000/every three months.

For more details please contact the Ulsan Metropolitan Office of Education.

- Phone : 052-210-5400
- Website : <http://www.use.go.kr/www.pen.go.kr>

<Foreign schools in Ulsan>

Name	Location	Course	Style (Language used)	Phone
Hyundai Foreign School	Seobu-dong	Kindergarten	European style (English)	052-250-851
Ulsan Chinese Kindergarten /Elementary School	Bukjeong-dong	Kindergarten /Elementary	Chinese style (Chinese)	052-211-0300

<Foreign schools in Busan>

Name	Location	Course	Style (Language used)	Website / Phone
Busan International School	Jung 2-dong	Kindergarten elementary middle school	European style (English)	www.ispusan.co.kr 051-742-3332
Busan Foreigners' School	Jwa-dong	Kindergarten elementary/middle high school	American style (English)	www.busanforeignschool.org 051-747-7199
Busan Japanese School	Millak-dong	Elementary middle school	Japanese style (Japanese)	051-467-0274
Busan Chinese Elementary School	Choryang-dong	Kindergarten elementary school	Chinese style (Chinese)	051-467-0274
Busan Chinese Middle and High School	Choryang-dong	Middle high school	Chinese style (Chinese)	051-467-0275



13. National pension insurance

- The National Pension system is designed to improve the quality of life of the elderly, injured, sick or families whose household heads are deceased.
- It is managed by the state and financed by insurance premiums and government subsidy.

1) Those obligated to subscribe

All resident aliens in Korea from 18 years-of-age to 60 are obligated to subscribe for the insurance. If you are an employee of a business which has subscribed for the insurance, your employer shall follow the procedure.

The foregoing does not apply to those stated in the following :

- Those who outstayed the period approved by the Korean Government.
- Those staying in Korea with the following visas : D-1, D-2, D-3, D-4, D-6, F-1, F-3, G-1.
- Those from a country where resident Koreans do not benefit from the local national pension insurance.

2) Subscription

- (1) If you are an employee of a business which has subscribed for the insurance, your employer shall follow the procedure.
- (2) Those who are not covered by the foregoing (1) shall directly report to the local office of the National Pension Management Corporation.
(Submittal documents : A copy of the report on monthly income.)

3) Payment of pension

A resident alien who has fulfilled his/her obligation under the National Pension Insurance Act is eligible for pension related to the elderly, the handicapped and bereaved families.

4) Insurance premium

Pension insurance fee to be paid : A sum equal to 9 percent of the standard income of subscribers (as of July 2005).

For more details please call the National Pension Management Corporation (Phone : 1355), log on to their website www.npc.or.kr or visit any local office of the corporation.

14. Health insurance

- There are two types, i.e. employee health insurance and that for others.

1) Eligibility for subscription

- Employee health insurance: The employer and employees of a workplace qualify for the insurance
- Health insurance for others: Those not covered by employee health insurance who have acquired status under one of the specified visas (F-2, F-4, D-1~9, E-1~5, E-7~8, F-1), their Korean spouse and their children (less than 20 years of age), qualify.

2) Subscription

- Employee health insurance : The employer shall fill out the application.
- Health insurance for others : You must pay a visit to the local office of the corporation and present your Alien Registration Card and passport.

3) Payment of health insurance premium

- Employee Health Insurance :
Wage × fixed percentage (Half of the premium to be paid by employer)
- Health insurance for others :
 - For those with income
Income × fixed percentage
 - For those without income
Average insurance premium as of the end of the preceding year (Students are eligible for a 30 percent reduction.)
 - A quarter of the insurance premium to be paid every three months.
 - A resident alien staying in Korea with an F-1 or F-2 visa shall pay the insurance premium each month.
 - The obligation for payment of the insurance premium shall apply from the date of foreigner's registration.

4) Merits of health insurance

- In receiving medical treatment, you pay only a portion of the total cost (see the following).
 - 20 ~ 50 percent of the medical treatment fee
 - 30 percent of the pharmaceutical dispensing expense

For more details please visit the website of the National Health Insurance Corporation (www.nhic.ok.kr).

15. Medical Information

1) You need a doctor's prescription to buy specialized drugs at a pharmacy. You can buy minor drugs, such as aspirin, at a drug store without a doctor's prescription.



2) Three types of medical treatment establishments

- Clinics, general hospitals and university hospitals
 - People visit clinics for minor health disorders. The clinic doctor will refer you to a general hospital if the case is judged to require care at a more specialized level or if you request it.
 - Each clinic displays its specialty.

3) Public health center

- At a local public health center, you can receive treatment at a lower fee. Public health centers provide free services such as blood pressure checks and blood tests.
 - They also provide periodical physical checkups and vaccinations for infants as well as lectures on health management.

Public health centers in Ulsan

- In Jung-gu (052-211-4000)
- In Nam-gu (052-271-2545)
- In Dong-gu (052-230-9550)
- In Buk-gu (052-219-7710)
- In Ulju-gun (052-229-7550)

4) Oriental medicine clinics

- These clinics treat patients' diseases using Oriental (herbal) medications, acupuncture or moxibustion.

5) 119 Emergency service

- In case of an emergency, please dial 119. When you require emergency medical treatment, an ambulance will take you to the nearest hospital.
- At general hospitals, an emergency team is ready for patients round the clock.
- For more information, please call 1339 (or 052-1339, if you use a cellular phone).

<List of major hospitals in Ulsan>

Gu/Gun	Name of hospital	Type of hospital	Address	Telephone (Emergency)
Jung-gu	Donggang Hospital	General Hospital	Taehwa-dong123-3, Jung-gu, Ulsan	241-1190, 1290
	Insan Hospital	Hospital	63, Boksan 2(i)-dong, Jung-gu, Ulsan	290-6300
	Gilmeri Hospital	Hospital	Bangu-dong179-7, Jung-gu, Ulsan	296-0030
	Gangseo Hospital	Hospital	552-5, Daun-dong, Jung-gu, Ulsan	249-1501
	Donggang Oriental medicine clinics	Oriental medicine clinics	Taehwa-dong121-2, Jung-gu, Ulsan	241-3114
Nam-gu	Cheoyong Oriental medicine clinics	Oriental medicine clinics	700-2, Sinjeong 1(il)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	271-3301~3
	Hyundai Oriental medicine clinics	Oriental medicine clinics	1571-3, Samsan-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	271-6000
	Oriental Medicine Clinics of Dongui University	Oriental medicine clinics	467-7, Sinjeong 3(sam)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	226-8000~14
	M.D. Dental Clinic	Dental Clinic	1522-7, Samsan-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	275-8000
Nam-gu	Yaeum Apseon Dental Clinic	Dental Clinic	789-126	272-2879
	Ellim Nursing Center	Nursing Facility	518-2, Sinjeong 1(il)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	227-5691
	Taeon Nursing Center	Nursing Facility	615-13, Dal-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	266-9176
	Ulsan Hospital	General Hospital	Sinjeong5-dong34-72, Nam-gu, Ulsan	259-5000
	Praumedi Hospital	Hospital	Samsan-dong1574-2, Nam-gu, Ulsan	226-7114

Gu/Gun	Name of hospital	Type of hospital	Address	Telephone (Emergency)
Nam-gu	Ulsan Jeil Hospital	Hospital	1409-3, Sinjeong 1(il)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	273-6121
	Keunbit Hospital	Hospital	1650-9, Sinjeong 2(i)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	272-2505
	Boram Hospital	Hospital	1553-2, Samsan-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	278-0114
	Good Morning Hospital	Hospital	972, Dal-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	259-9000
	M..S. Hospital	Hospital	128-5, Mugeo 1(il)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	220-0100
	Taehwa Hospital	Hospital	1287-3, Sinjeong 1(il)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	950-7500
	Uri Hospital	Hospital	653-3, Yaeum 2(i)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	226-0100
	Munsu Hospital	Hospital	217-1, Mugeo 1(il)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	220-7575
	Uri Hakmun Hospital	Hospital	690-5, Sinjeong 2(i)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	267-0075
	Jungang Hospital	Hospital	1651-9, Sinjeong 2(i)-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	226-1100
Dong-gu	Ulsan Hanmaeum Hospital	Hospital	874-1, Dal-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	256-7582
	New Life Hospital	Hospital	1539-13, Samsan-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	261-5033
Buk-gu	Ulsan University Hospital	General Hospital	290-3, Jeonha-dong, Dong-gu, Ulsan	250-7000
	Ulsan City Hospital	Hospital	1261-6, Yeonam-dong, Buk-gu, Ulsan	280-9000
Buk-gu	21C Joeun Hospital	Hospital	218-7, Hogye-dong, Buk-gu, Ulsan	290-2100
	Sena Hospital	Hospital	241-1, Hogye-dong, Buk-gu, Ulsan	290-2000
	Onsan Boram Hospital	Hospital	San86, Dongsang-ri, Onyangeup, Ulju-gun	231-8200
Ulju-gun	Hyojeong Rehabilitation Center	Hospital	Cheonjeon-ri315-1, Dudong-myeon, Ulju-gun	264-9225
	Keunbit Ungchon Hospital	Hospital	Daebok-ri417-1, Ungchon-myeon, Ulju-gun	225-0834
	Eonyang Hospital	Hospital	276-3, Gyo-dong-ri, Samnam-myeon, Ulju-gun	262-5200
	Ulsan Christian Hospital	Hospital	310-29, Bonggye-ri, Dudong-myeon, Ulju-gun	263-5111
	Dongeun Hospital	Hospital	342-18, Banggi-ri, Samnam-myeon, Ulju-gun	055-384-7575
	Goryeo Nursing Center	Nursing Facility	Unhwa-ri163-1, Onyangeup, Ulju-gun	239-0669

16. Phone numbers for emergency service

- 112 (police) or 119 (firefighters or ambulance)

- Even if you have no coins or phone card, you can make an emergency call at any pay phone.
- Notice of an emergency situation to 112 or 119 is handled through computer and responded to more promptly than calling a nearby police station.

Call 119 to report a fire or to ask for emergency service

- When reporting a fire, please be sure to accurately inform on the location and type of fire, and clearly state your phone number.
- In reporting an emergency situation, such as elevator malfunctions, collapse of a building, gas explosions or emergency patients, please be sure to accurately inform the details.

Call 112 to report a crime or accident

- Your report will be passed on to the police patrol car or police box nearest to the site for immediate action.
- In reporting a crime, please be sure to accurately report on the details and your phone number.



Ulsan is the symbol of industrial and economic growth in Korea.

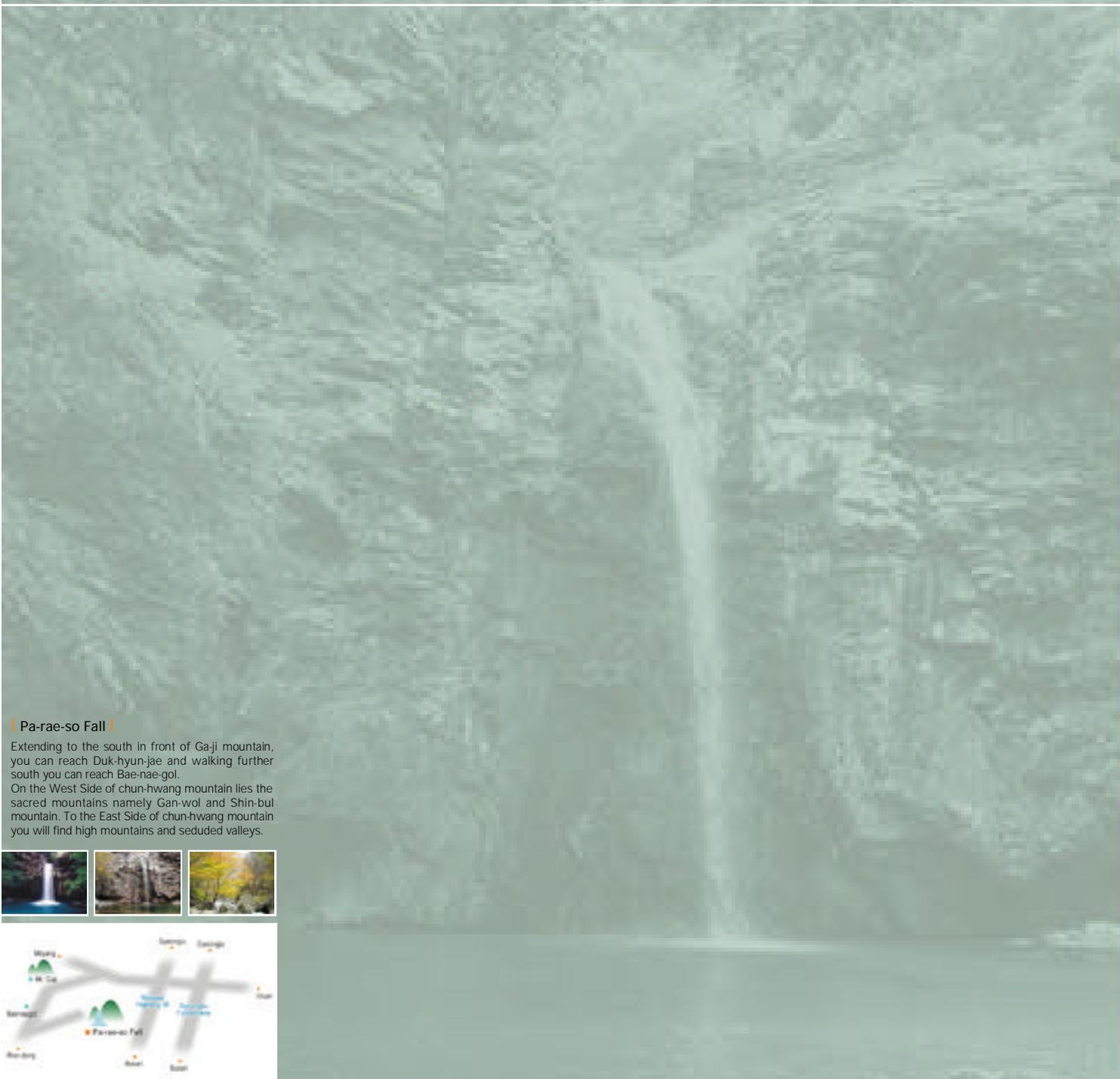
Since remote prehistoric times our city ' Ulsan ' has succeeded in becoming a wealthy city. It has developed and nurtured itself with its roots in the ancient Shilla Kingdom. It is situated in the center of modern industry.

We have the manly spirit of Mt.Gaji and Sinbul along with the affectionate moral character of the Taehwa and Hoiya Riers.

Ulsan is the symbol of industrial and economic growth in Korea.

Dimensions : 1,056.4 km²
Population : 1,081,453 people
(estimation made in September 30, 2002)

Climate
• Annual mean temperature : 14.3 , Max : 38.6 , Min : -16.7
• Annual rainfall of the last 30 years : 1,272mm/year



| Pa-rae-so Fall |

Extending to the south in front of Ga-ji mountain, you can reach Duk-hyun-jae and walking further south you can reach Bae-nae-gol.

On the West Side of chun-hwang mountain lies the sacred mountains namely Gan-wol and Shin-bul mountain. To the East Side of chun-hwang mountain you will find high mountains and seduded valleys.



Immigration-related matters

1. Registration of a resident alien
2. Reissuance of Alien Registration Card
3. Permitted length of stay for foreigners and scope of activities
4. International marriage

. Immigration-related matters

1. Registration of a resident alien

1) Those subject to registration

- One intending to stay in Korea more than 91 days from the date of entry)
- Persons who have surrendered Korean citizenship for foreign citizenship, or, a foreigner who was born with Korean nationality and has been granted permission to stay in Korea for more than 90 days must follow the aforesaid regulations.



2) Timing for registration

- Within 90 days of the date of entry, or, immediately following receipt of the permit for a long-term stay, or, immediately after a change in status.

3) Venue for application

- At the Immigration Office having jurisdiction over the place where you live.

4) Obligation of carrying the Alien Registration Card

- A foreigner aged 17 or older in Korea must carry his/her passport, Alien Registration Card or certificate stating permission for his/her entry into Korea, at all times.
- A foreigner must comply with the demand of an Immigration Officer etc. carrying out his/her duties for presentation of the passport or Alien Registration Card.

5) Documents to be submitted at the time of registration as a resident alien :

- Passport
- Application for registration (available at the Immigration Office)
- Two color photos sized 3 × 4 cm
- Handling charge : KRW10,000

<Documents required, depending on the purpose of stay>

Purpose of stay	Submittal documents
Cultural/art activities	• A document certifying that the individual belongs to a culture/art organization (such as a copy of business registration certificate).
Study	• A studentship certificate.
Industrial training	• Health diagnosis (made by a hospital in Korea), a copy of business registration certificate, an industrial disaster insurance subscription certificate or guarantee insurance.
Education	• A studentship certificate or a certificate verifying that the individual attends an educational institution.
Reporter, religion, liaison office, trade, management	• An employment certificate or a written instruction ordering the individual to stay in Korea for a business purpose, a copy of business registration certificate.
Corporate investment	• An employment certificate, a copy of certificate of registration as a foreign investor (for an individual investor).
Professor, language instructor, researcher, technology instructor, or activities as a professional	• An employment certificate, a copy of business registration certificate.
Art promotion	• An employment certificate, a copy of business registration certificate. For a performer : A letter of recommendation related to performance, an employment certificate, a copy of business registration certificate, a copy of permit for tourism business, a work contract, an AIDS certificate.
Visit, family member	• For a family member, of a staff member, of an embassy in Korea : A copy of employment contract and ID card of the staff member.
Spouse	• A copy of the family register and the resident registration card of the Korean spouse.
Accompanying	• A copy of the Alien Registration Card and the employment certificate of the individual accompanied.
Sightseeing/employment	• Sightseeing itinerary or activity plan, employment certificate (if the case warrants it).

2. Reissuance of Alien Registration Card

1) An Alien Registration Card may be reissued in the case of one of the following : Lost or damaged card, insufficient space, a change in status (name, gender, DOB, nationality)



2) Timing for application : Within 14 days of occurrence of the reason for reissuance

3) Documents required to be submitted

- Application
- Materials explaining the reason for the application
- Colored photograph sized 3 × 4 cm
- Former certificate (if available)
- Handling fee : KRW10,000

3. Permitted length of stay for foreigners and scope of activities

1) Permitted length of stay

- Short-term stay : 90 days or less
- Long-term stay : 91 days or more
- Permanent stay : No limit

2) Permitted scope of activities and employment

- A foreigner's stay in Korea is conditional upon his/her compliance with the permitted purpose and length of stay. A foreigner staying in Korea may not be engaged in political activities unless otherwise stipulated by the relevant law.
- A foreigner seeking a job shall have such a purpose of stay permitted by the Korean authorities and continue to work at the designated workplace. An intended change in the designated workplace shall be reported to, or approved by, the Immigration Office.

<Visa types allowing employment>

- C-4 (short-term employment), E-1 (professor), E-2 (language instructor), E-3 (researcher), E-4 (technological instruction), E-5 (reporter), E-6 (art promotion), E-7 (special activity), E-8 (corporate training/employment), E-9 (employment in a non-professional field), E-10 (a crew member of a vessel engaged in the coastwise service), H-1 (employment related to tourism)

For more information on foreigner registration or visa-related matters, please contact the Busan Immigration Office, Ulsan Branch Office (Phone: 052-261-7545) or the Immigration Bureau (www.immigration.go.kr).

Major businesses handled by the Immigration Bureau

Immigration inspection	Invitation of foreigners	Stay permits, reports
Naturalization	Immigration-related offenses	Issuance of certificates

The following is general information. Each specific case will be judged based on the documents submitted.

	Relevant procedure
Extension of stay period	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application for extension of the current stay period shall be made between, two months prior to the stay period to the last day of the period. - You or an individual acting on your behalf shall submit required documents to the local Immigration Office. - Please check required documents at www.immigration.go.kr or call the Immigration Office.
Change in purpose of stay	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you intend to be engaged in activities other than those corresponding to the approved purpose of stay, you must obtain a permit in advance. • In principle, you shall leave the country and then re-enter it based on a new visa concerning the new purpose of stay. • However, an individual who can satisfy the requirements of the new purpose of stay without leaving the country can apply for a change in the purpose of stay. - Application can be made by satisfying the requirements of the new purpose of stay and submitting the required documents.

	Relevant procedure
Change in purpose of stay	- For more details, please visit www.immigration.go.kr or call the Immigration Office.
Permit for activities under new purpose of stay	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you would like to add a new purpose of stay to your current purpose of stay, you must obtain a permit in advance. • If such new purposes constitute a major portion of daily activities, you shall re-enter the country based on a new visa, as such is not allowed. <p>Relevant permit is difficult to obtain if one of the following applies :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When you will be working longer hours or getting a higher salary than before • When you have entered the country with a short-term (90-day or shorter) visa • When it is judged that you have been unfaithful under the purpose of stay by holding plural jobs • When you entered the country with a B-1 (visa exemption), B-2 (tourist transit), C-1 (temporary stay as a reporter), C-2 (short-term commercial visa), C-3 (shorter-term general visa) and C-4 (short-term employment) <p>- Application can be made by satisfying the requirements of the new purpose of stay and submitting the required documents. - For more details, please visit www.immigration.go.kr or call the Immigration Office.</p>
Reentry permit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A reentry permit shall be obtained for the following : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - One registered as a resident alien when returning after departure within the stay period - One exempted from alien registration when returning from a foreign country <p>Types of reentry permits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single permit: Allows reentry on a single occasion for up to a year • Multiple permit: Allows reentry as the holder wishes for up to two years <p>Documents required to be submitted for application of reentry permit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Passport and Alien Registration Card • Application of reentry permit • Letter of consent or recommendation made by the employer or the head of a training facility in the case of D-3 (industrial training), E-8 (employment as a trainee) and E-9 (employment as a non-professional) • Employment certificate in the case of A-1 (diplomat), A-2 (official business), A-3 (international pact)

	Relevant procedure
Reentry permit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Handling fee: KRW30,000 for a single permit / KRW50,000 for a multiple permit • Those from the following 13 countries are exempted from the requirement of obtaining a reentry permit : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Surinam, the Netherlands, Norway, Denmark, Germany, Luxemburg, Belgium, Sweden, Switzerland, Lichtenstein, France, Chile confined to D-7 (commercial residence), D-8 (corporate investment), D-9 (international trade management) in the case of Chileans <p>How to apply</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fill out an application and submit it along with the required documents, • At the Immigration Office of airports/ports, only application for a single reentry permit can be made. • For more details please call or visit the website of the Immigration Office.

4. International marriage

(1) For a marriage registration, the following documents shall be submitted to the local administrative office.

- A notarized certificate of marriage (translated into Korean)
- A certificate showing that it is not a case of bigamy (i.e. a copy of the family register in the case of a Korean or a document equivalent to it in the case of a non-Korean)
- A marriage report signed by two Korean witnesses
 - It takes 3~4 days for a marriage to be officially registered.

(2) Visa for the foreign spouse of a Korean

- F-2 (duration of stay) : The foreign spouse of a Korean can apply for the F-2 visa.
- F-5 (permanent resident) : One who has resided in Korea for more than 2 years based on the F-2 can apply for F-5 status.

(3) Naturalization

- The foreign spouse of a Korean who has resided in Korea for more than 2 years after the marriage, can apply for naturalization. Such a person shall pass a test to obtain Korean nationality after application for naturalization.
- One who has acquired Korean nationality shall submit the application for abandonment of the previous nationality within six months. Korea does not allow dual nationality.

Standing Rock and Seepri Bamboo Grove on the Taehwa

Located on the upper Taehwa River, Standing Rock creates art with fantastic rocks, precipitous cliffs, and Bangnyongdam. Seepri Bamboo Grove on the Taehwa River, on the other hand, which starts from Standing Rock, is the oxygen warehouse of Ulsan, as well as the site for migratory birds; an exceptional view.



Shopping, sports facilities and tourist attractions

1. Conventional markets/shopping arcades
2. Large-sized commercial establishments
3. Tourism
4. Sports facilities

. Shopping, sports facilities and tourist attractions

1. Conventional markets/shopping arcades

	Market type	Market name	Location
In Jung-gu (15)	Conventional market	Ulsan Jungang Market	125-2, Okgyo-dong
	Conventional market	Ulsan Market (New Jungang Market)	47-10, Haksan-dong
	Conventional market	Seonu Market	385-3, Namoe-dong
	Conventional market	Seongnam Plaza	190-239, Seongnam-dong
	Conventional market	Coco Town Market	75-1, Haksan-dong
	Shopping arcade	Ujeong Market	285-1, Ujeong-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Yeokjeon Market	436-20, Hakseong-dong
	Street stands	Guyeokjeon Market	433-8, Hakseong-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Taehwa Jonghap Market	23-7, Taehwa-dong
	Arcade	Hakseong Jonghap Market	467-1, Hakseong-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Sinulsan Jonghap Market	100-1, Bangu-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Byeongyeong Market	257-1, Namoe-dong
	Street stands	Jeontong Galmok Market	95-23, Okgyo-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Hakseong Saekbyeok Market	353-7, Hakseong-dong
	Street stands	Okgyo Arcade	96-2, Okgyo-dong
In Nam-gu (10)	Arcade	Sinjeong Pyeonghwa Market	1600-3, Sinjeong 2(i)-dong
	Arcade	Sinjeong Markte	630-1, Sinjeong 1(il)-dong
	Street stands	Sinjeong Shopping Arcade	618-16, Sinjeong 1(il)-dong
	Shopping mall	Yaeum Market	815-22, Yaeum-dong
	Arcade	Suam Market	689-1, Yaeum 3(sam)-dong
	Street stands	Suam Shopping Arcade	854, Sinjeong 4(sa)-dong
	Shopping mall and street stands	Mugeo Market	825-1, Mugeo-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Ulsan Jonghap Market	867, Dal-dong
	Street stands	Yaeum Cheyukwan Market	376, Yaeum 1(il)-dong

	Market type	Market name	Location
In Nam-gu (10)	Street stands	Yaeum Shopping Arcade	816-22, Yaeum1-dong
	Shopping mall and street stands	Ulsan Industry Market	1591-4, Samsan-dong
	Shopping mall	Hyundai Jonghap Arcade	1459-1, Samsan-dong
	Shopping mall	Dongdeok Hyundai Arcade	129-16, Ok-dong
In Dong-gu (9)	Arcade and street stands	Farm/Marine Products Wholesale Market	171-4, Hwajeong-dong
	Shopping mall and street stands	Dongulsan Jonghap Market	661-7, Jeonha 2(i)-dong
	Arcade and street stands	Wolbong Market	640-17, Hwajeong-dong
	"	Jeonha Market	450-3, Jeonha 1(il)-dong
	"	Nammok Market	310-2, Dongbu-dong
	"	Dongbu Market	310-15, Dongbu-dong
	Shopping mall	Seobu Family Arcade	257-4, Seobu-dong
	"	Dongbu Family Arcade	150, Dongbu-dong
	"	Dongsan Plaza Arcade	866-1, Hwajeong-dong
In Buk-gu (5)	Street stands	Jeongja Market	669, Jeongja-dong
	Shopping mall	Hwabong Jonghap Market	448-2, Hwabong-dong
	Street stands	Hogye Market	869-1, Hogye-dong
	Shopping mall	Maegok Market	587, Maegok-dong
	"	Sinjeon Market	194-1, Yeompo-dong
In Ulju-gun (8)	Street stands	Namchang Market (public)	140-3, Onyang Namchang
	"	Deokha Market (public)	570, Cheongnyang Sangnam
	Street stands	Gokcheon Market (public) (Ungchon Market)	320-2, Ungchon Gokcheon
	Street stands	Bonggye Market (public)	570, Du-dong Bonggye
	"	Eonyang Market (public)	340-22, Eonyang Nambu
	Arcade	Eonyang Jonghap Shopping Arcade	124-2, Eonyang Nambu
	Arcade, street stands	Deoksin Regular Market	1280-21, Onsan Deoksin
	Street stands	Deoksin Market (public)	429, Onsan Deoksin



2. Large-sized commercial establishments

<Definitions>

- (1) Discount Store : Store where products are constantly made available at prices lower than the average retail price in the market.
- (2) Specialty Store : Store specializing in sales of a set group of products, such as clothes or electronics.
- (3) Department Store : Large modern store where products of different groups needed in everyday life are made available.
- (4) Shopping Center : Place where a number of stores, both large wholesales and small retail ones, are located in cluster to allow the public to buy many different goods in convenience.
- (5) Market : Place where a number of stores, whether it be wholesales, retail, or service providers, are clustered in one place without a given order.
- (6) Other Large Stores : Other large-scale stores offering various amenities and products.



1) Discount stores

(Unit : m²)

	Name	Location	Site size	Total floor space	Outlet space
Jung-gu (4)	Walmart, Jungang	349-15, Hakseong-dong	8,017	42,191	11,618
	Home Plus Ulsan	100, Boksan-dong	18,429	51,087	10,674
	Outlet Shopping Mall STAR	249-1, Seongnam-dong	1,923	10,614	5,231
	Thy and I	256-24, Seongnam-dong	1,742	21,944	14,797
Nam-gu (4)	Lotte Mart Ulsan	833-1, Dal-dong	6,625	28,887	10,997
	Save Zone Ulsan	1377-8 Oe 4, Samsan-dong	8,766	37,032	15,754
	Home Plus Ulsan Namgu	789-91, Yaeum-dong	16,672	52,216	10,643
	E-Mart Ulsan	1646, Samsan-dong	16,245	54,184	12,242
Buk-gu (2)	Carrefour, Ulsan	322-9, Sangon-dong	13,357	41,007	8,471
	Megamart Ulsan	Jinjangmyeongchon Jigu 54B 1L, Jinjang-dong	32,917	13,147	9,823
Ulju (1)	Megamart Eonyang	Gyodong-ri, Samnam-myeon 619-61	28,183	9,589	7,633

2) Department stores

(Unit : m²)

	Name	Location	Site size	Total floor space	Display space
Nam-gu (2)	Hyundai Department Store, Ulsan	1521-1, Samsan-dong	8,715	97,462	26,010
	Lotte Department Store, Ulsan	1480-1, Samsan-dong	20,090	106,766	29,960
Dong-gu (1)	Hyundai Department Store, Dong-gu	105-3, Seobu-dong	10,177	25,820	13,546

3) Shopping Malls

(Unit : m²)

	Name	Location	Site size	Total floor space	Display space	Number of outlets
Nam-gu (1)	Fashion Valley C 1020	1126-5, Sinjeong-dong	1,325	9,701	3,354	317

4) Others

(Unit : m²)

	Name	Location	Site size	Total floor space	Display space
Buk-gu (1)	Ulsan Rodeo Street	507-4, Yeonam-dong	10,943	8,499	6,669

<Conventional markets held every five days>

At conventional markets held every five days, you can purchase a variety of goods, including everyday necessities at good prices.

	Name	Location	Main items	Opening Date
Jung-gu	Daun 5-day Market (Oiljang)	Around 507-6 Daun-dong	Daily necessities, sundry goods	1st and 6th of every month
	Seongan5-day Market (Oiljang)	Around 852-2 Seongan-dong	Daily necessities, green groceries	2nd and 7th of every month
	Taehwa 5-day Market (Oiljang)	Around 37-7, Taehwa-dong	Green groceries, daily necessities	5th and 10th of every month
	Haksan Morning Market	Around 75-5, Haksan-dong	Agricultural products	Every morning
	Hakseong Beongae Market	Around 359-2, Hakseong-dong	Agricultural products	Every morning
Nam-gu	Okdong Thursday Market	Samik Apartment, Okdong/Cheongilwon, Uljugun	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	Every Thursday

	Name	Location	Main items	Opening Date
Nam-gu	Mugeo 5-day Market (Oiljang)	Around Mugeo Market	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	3rd and 8th of every month
	Samho 5-day Market (Oiljang)	Around Samho riverside, Mugeo 1(il)-dong	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	2nd and 7th of every month
	Hyundai Hometown Friday Market	Around Hyundai Hometown, Sinjeong 4(sa)-dong	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	Every Friday
Buk-gu	Hogye Market	678-2 Hogye-dong	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	1st and 6th of every month
	Jeongja Market	699 Jeongja-dong	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	2nd and 7th of every month
Ulju-gun	Ulchon Market	320-2, Gokcheon-ri, Ungchon-myeon	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	1st and 6th of every month
	Deokha Market	570, Sannam-ri, Cheongnyang-myeon	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	2nd and 7th of every month
	Guyeong Market	370-1, Guyeong-ri, Beomseo-eup	Daily necessities	2nd and 7th of every month
	Oenyang Market	340-20, Nambu-ri, Eonyang-eup	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	2nd and 7th of every month
	Namchang Market	140-3, Namchang-ri, Onyang-eup	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	3rd and 8th of every month
	Cheonsang Market	Cheongsang Zone, Beomseo-eup	Daily necessities	4th and 9th of every month
	Bonggye Market	570, Bonggye-ri, Dudong-myeon	Agro-fishery products, daily necessities	4th and 9th of every month



3. Tourism

- Tourist Information Centers at Ulsan Station, Ulsan Airport, Ulsan Highway Bus Terminal and World Cup Hall are open throughout the year and provide information in English, Japanese and Chinese.
- Please visit the “Guide to Ulsan” at <http://guide.ulsan.go.kr> for information on tourist attractions, bus routes, rent-a-car shops and restaurants.



The Tourist Information Center at Ulsan Station also displays character goods, souvenirs and responds to calls made via 1330.

- Tourist Information Center at Ulsan Station : 052-277-0101
- Tourist Information Center at Ulsan Airport : 052-229-6351
- Tourist Information Center at Ulsan Highway Bus Terminal : 052-229-6353

What to see, eat, enjoy and where to stay in Ulsan

- For details, please visit the “Guide to Ulsan” at <http://guide.ulsan.go.kr>.

(1) What to see

(<http://guide.ulsan.go.kr/Tour/index.neo?p=look>)

- Provides information, including area maps, on industrial sites (4), mountains/Buddhist temples (24), resorts (17), beaches/rivers/valleys (18) and other tourist attractions.



(2) What to eat

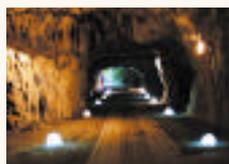
(<http://guide.ulsan.go.kr/Tour/index.neo?p=eat>)

- Provides information, including area maps, on restaurants serving various kinds of food including Korean (393), Chinese (12), Japanese (29), raw fish (52), western-style (31) and buffet.



(3) What to enjoy**(<http://guide.ulsan.go.kr/Tour/index.neo?p=enjoy>)**

- Provides information on sports arenas (9), sports centers (3), theme parks (6), golf courses (1), youth training facilities (3) and fishing holes (6).

**(4) Where to stay (<http://guide.ulsan.go.kr/Tour/index.neo?p=sleep>)**

- Provides information on hotels (9), motels (204), yeogwans (Korean-style hotels) (125) and pensions/private houses offering lodgings (19).

<Recommended restaurant>

	Name	Location	Phone number	Menu offered
Jung-gu	Jangsusangolbeoseot	84-28, Okgyo-dong	211-2274	Mushroom/beef cooked in a casserole
	Oegajip	168-2, Haksan-dong	246-2352	A set menu of Korean food
	Gungjungsamgyejang	228-7, Seongnam-dong	244-1156	Chicken broth with ginseng and abalone soup
	bomunjeong	Seongan-dong808-10	246-3400	A set menu of Korean food
	Jeomjugadeun	354-2, Yugok-dong	243-8081	A set menu of Korean food
	Daegabokjip	483-14, Taehwa-dong	245-2666	Swellfish
	Jamiwon	84B 4N, Seongan-dong	246-8008	Eel
	Daiamondeu gyeongyangsik	62B 1N, Seongan-dong	248-3333	A set menu of western food
	Kkotgeori O-ri	448-22, Namoe-dong	286-5252	Oeri Jangsutang Stew
	Haegujeong	88B 3N, Seongan-dong	246-5228	Fish
Nam-gu	Goraegogi wonjohalmaejip	335-2, Jangsaengpo-dong	261-7313	Whale meat
	Goraemakjip	220-4, Maeam-dong	266-1585	Whale meat
	Hamyangjip	579-4, Sinjeong 3(sam)-dong	275-6947	Bibimbap (Cooked rice mixed with vegetables and beef)
Nam-gu	Wonjojip	Mugeo131-6	277-1453	Broiled pieces of cattle intestines, cattle blood soup
	Damiheon	1568-8, Samsan-dong	269-8634	Sushi and sliced raw fish
	Ilsgwasibi	1532-8, Samsan-dong	271-3600	Sushi and sliced raw fish
	Sanghae	1341-3, Dal-dong	258-1122	Chinese food
	Yonggung	1258-16, Dal-dong	265-9888	Chinese food
	Nolbubossam	189-8, Samsan-dong	271-5325	Roast duck

	Name	Location	Phone number	Menu offered
Nam-gu	Aragadeun	618-3, Dal-dong	276-0123	Lettuce-wrapped rice
	Chokseongnu	1575-16, Samsan-dong	260-4051	A set menu of Korean food
	Apgujeong	1299-1, Dal-dong	260-4036	Roast beef
	Bongchang haemulkalguksu	1356-10, Dal-dong	275-0063	Noodle with seafood
	Anamnu	34-88, Sinjeong 5(o)-dong	258-0009	Roast beef
	Oksamjip	385-13, Yaeum-dong	266-4373	Korean traditional liquors and fried Welsh onions mixed with wheat flour
	Ieongilpum	1250-13, Dal-dong	268-4535	A set menu of Korean food
	Geyori yeonguso	1258-16, Dal-dong	260-9999	Crab
	Boseu reseutorang	1539-19, Samsan-dong	267-8989	Hamburger steak and pork cutlet
	Daegamdang	1249-8, Dal-dong	276-1101	Swellfish soup
Dong-gu	Seoulkkakdugi	1546-3, Samsan-dong	227-1040	Beef soup with rice
	Gyeongjuhalmaejip	652-5, Sinjeong-dong	274-6894	Hairtail
	Sugunghaemultang	951-6, Ilsan-dong	252-1067	Seafood
	Mijoribokjip	465-15, Ilsan-dong	233-9417	Roast swellfish
	Sinsa-dong wang jokbal	577-35, Ilsan-dong	252-8686	Pork hock
	Ilbeonjihoe-jingmaejang	997-12, Bangeo-dong	201-4040	Sliced raw right-eyed flounder
	Donggurang gyeongyangsik	Jeonhwadong 290-16	236-5111	Pork cutlet
	Harimgak	181-36, Seobu-dong	251-2288	Chinese food
	Haesong Sushi	638-6, Hwajeong-dong	251-8883	Sushi
	Byeolcheonjigadeun	10-9, Jujeon-dong	252-0319	Sliced raw fish
Buk-gu	Hanyanghoetjip	2-1, Jeongja-dong	295-1313	Sliced raw fish
	Jeideu Restaurant	960, Sanha-dong	298-6700	Beef steak
	Sinseonhoe Sushi	270-9, Hogye-dong	282-3646	Sushi and sliced raw fish
	Iseobang sutbulgalbi	260-31, Yeompo-dong	287-3379	Pork rib
	Donghaesikdang	70-6, Yeonam-dong	288-4545	Roast wild boar
Ulju-gun	Kimyangjip	372, Seosaeng Sinam-ri	239-5539	Eel
	Gamnamujip	895-2, Cheongnyang Munjungni	265-5292	Duck broth and roast duck
	Baengmadwaeji sutbulgalbi	127-2, Eonyang Nambu-ri	264-0033	Pork rib
	Cheongsugolsikdang	544-1, Sangbuk Gunggeunjeong	264-5252	Duck
	Boritoggae	Dungi 840-1, Sam-dong	254-2251	Bibimbap (Cooked barley mixed with vegetables)

	Name	Location	Phone number	Menu offered
Ulju-gun	Santabae	1197-2, Sangbuk Gunggeunjeong	254-2371	Pork cutlet
	Heojun	72-1, Sangbuk Deokyeon	254-6080	A set menu of Korean food
	Yeongnamalpeuseu	649, Sangbuk Icheon	264-8749	Roast goat
	Benechia eumsikjeom	735, Sangbuk Icheon	264-8188	Bibimbap (cooked rice mixed with vegetables)
	Seondaeseureseutorang	75-7, Seosaeng Jinha	239-7008	Pork cutlet
	Gyegyeongmokjang	22B4N, Onyang Daean	239-8700	Roast beef seasoned with honey and red pepper paste

4. Sports facilities

Name	Location	Operated by	How to reserve
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulsan Complex Stadium Dongcheon Gymnasium Auxiliary Stadium of Ulsan Complex 	Namoe-dong, Jung-gu	Ulsan Installations Management Corporation (Public Facilities Team)	Phone : 052-294-4120~1 To reserve a space, visit in person or make a reservation online at www.uimc.or.kr
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulsan Complex Stadium 	Sinjeong 2(i)-dong, Nam-gu		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dongcheon Public Gymnasium 	Namoe-dong, Jung-gu		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulsan Munsu Football Stadium Auxiliary Football Stadium Munsu Indoor Swimming Pool Munsu Tennis Court Munsu Indoor Shooting Range Munsu Inline Skate Complex 	Ok-dong, Nam-gu (In Ulsan Grand Park)	Ulsan Installations Management Corporation (Management Team for Munsu Football Stadium)	Phone : 052-220-2101 To reserve a space, visit in person or make a reservation online at www.uimc.or.kr
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Munsujeong (Archery Field) 	Sinjeong-dong, Nam-gu (In Ulsan Grand Park)		

Name	Location	Operated by	How to reserve
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulju Stadium for Citizen and Students 	Eonyang-eup, Ulju-gun Bancheon-ri	General Affairs Department, Ulju-gun District Office	Phone : 052-229-7081 To reserve a space, visit in person. Website : www.ulju.ulsan.kr
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Onsan Stadium 	Onsan-eup, Ulju-gun Deoksin-ri	General Affairs Department, Onsan-eup Office (Ulju-gun)	Phone : 052-229-7601 To reserve a space, visit in person. It is free.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Munsu International Archery Field 	Ok-dong, Nam-gu (Ulsan Grand Park)	Self-government Department, Nam-gu	Phone : 052-226-5433 To reserve a space, visit in person.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nongso Stadium 	Changpyeong-dong, Buk-gu	Culture and Information Department, Buk-gu	Phone : 052-219-7554 To reserve a space, visit in person or send a FAX to 052-219-7569. Website: www.bukgu.ulsan.kr
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seobu Stadium 	Namoe-dong, Jung-gu	General Affairs Department of Hyundai Heavy Industry Inc.	Phone : 052-230-2274 To reserve a space, send a letter or FAX to 052-230-2565. It is Free



| Bangodae |

With precipitous mountains, valleys, and fantastic rocks, Bangodae is named as such because of its shape, resembling that of a turtle lying on the ground. There are also the Petroglyphs of Bangodae, a prehistoric relic, and designated as the National Treasure no. 285, on Bangodae.



Information for employers seeking foreign workers and for foreign job seekers

1. System of alien industrial trainees
2. System of alien trainees' employment
3. System of employment of migrant workers
4. Organizations providing support for migrant workers

. Information for employers seeking foreign workers and for foreign job seekers

1. System of alien industrial trainees

- This system is designed to allow foreign workers to work with Korean businesses as industrial trainees for a certain period of time. Specifically, this program provides workers to small Korean businesses and gives foreign workers the opportunity to learn job skills first-hand as part of international cooperation.



- Types of industrial trainees
Those sponsored by Korean businesses investing in a foreign country and those recommended by Korean organizations.

(1) Industrial trainees sponsored by Korean businesses investing in a foreign country

- Application
 - Local employees working at a Korean business investing/operating in a foreign country under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act
 - Local employees working at a Korean business in a foreign country exporting technologies to that country under the Technology Development Promotion Act
 - Local employees working at a Korean business in a foreign country exporting industrial facilities to that country under the Foreign Trade Act
- Korean businesses eligible for adoption of foreign industrial trainees
 - Those making direct investment in a foreign country under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act
 - Those exporting technologies to a foreign country under the Technology Development Promotion Act

- Those exporting industrial facilities to a foreign country under the Foreign Trade Act

(2) Recommendation for sponsorship of foreign industrial trainees

- Businesses eligible for sponsorship of trainees : Those recommended by organizations designated by the head of a central administrative institution.
- Such designated organizations include :
 - KFSB, NFFC, NACF, Construction Association of Korea

2. System of alien trainees' employment

- One who has spent a year faithfully as an alien industrial trainee is allowed to have a job at the same business for up to two years (or for up to one year in the case of one engaged in the construction business), if the representative of the business submits a letter of recommendation for him/her and he/she is granted E-8 status.

3. System of employment of migrant workers

- Under the system, a Korean business that has been unable to find domestic workers for certain jobs may ask the government for permission to employ migrant workers.
- A migrant worker thus employed will be treated equally in working conditions as his/her Korean counterpart during the employment period under the Basic Employment Act, the Minimum Wage Act and the Industrial Safety Act.
- Such a migrant worker will be entitled to employment, industrial disaster and health insurance. His/her right to the National Pension differs, depending on which country he/she is from, i.e. the principle of reciprocity.
- The contract is made for a year and can be extended for up to six years.
- The relevant Korean business shall subscribe to Insurance against Non-Payment or Default on Wages or Departure Guarantee Insurance for such a migrant worker. The migrant worker shall subscribe to Departure Travel Expense Insurance and Personal Accident Insurance.

4. Organizations providing support for migrant workers

Name	Address	Contact number
Ulsan 1218 Migrant Worker Support Center	446-10, Hwabong-dong, Buk-gu, Ulsan	289-1281
Ulsan CCEJ Migrant Worker Center	Gaerim Bldg. 8FL., 1100-10, Sinjeong-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	261-4058
People-to-People Ulsan Chapter	2-dong 663-2 Jungang Bldg. 2FL., Sinjeong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	257-1178

Employment Stabilization Center

- The Ulsan Employment Stabilization Center, a regional office of the Ministry of Labor (<http://work.go.kr>), provides employment-related information including job listings and employment insurance.
- For inquiries on jobs, please call 1588-1919. For information on employment and employment insurance, please call 1544-1919.

<Organizations where inquiries can be made on migrant workers' employment>

Relevant matters	Name of organization	Address	Contact number
Introduction of jobs	Ulsan Employment Stabilization Center	126-1, Ok-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	228-1942
Introduction of jobs (Employment-related permits)	KICOX, Ulsan Branch	572-4, Dal-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	265-9297
Introduction of jobs (Related to alien industrial trainees)	KFSB, Ulsan Office	1359-8, Dal-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan Gieobeunhaeng 5Fl.	272-0256
Supervision concerning default on wage payment or unjust treatment of workers	Ministry of Labor, Ulsan Office	126-1, Ok-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	272-0009
Employment insurance /Industrial disaster insurance	KLWC, Ulsan Office	Gongjak Bldg. 4-6FL., 252-9,10 Beonji, Ok-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	226-4252
Health insurance	National Health Insurance, Ulsan Office/Nambu		227-5712
	National Health Insurance, Ulsan Office/Jungbu		241-0114
	National Health Insurance, Ulsan Office/Dongbu		235-1301

Relevant matters	Name of organization	Address	Contact number
Health insurance	National Health Insurance, Ulsan/Ulju Office		224-4500
National pension	National Pension Corporation, Ulsan Office	Korealife Bldg. 4FL., 649-7, Sinjeong-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan	1355
	National Pension Corporation, East Ulsan Office	Samsung Electronics Co.,Ltd. Ulsansaok 1,2FL., 47-20, Haksan-dong, Jung-gu, Ulsan	1355
General matters related to migrant workers	Ministry of Justice, Office of Residence Control	Gwanmullo 88, Gwacheon-si, Gyeonggi-do	02-503-7097



. Others

1. Useful information

- The website of Ulsan Metropolitan City offers a variety of services, including :
 - Homework assistance for children
 - A “Children’s Hall” for first-hand experience
 - A “Cyber World Hall”
 - Ulsan area map local tourism resources
 - Ulsan Book of Local Records
 - E-Library
 - Mobile service
 - Declared land values
 - System for reservation for use of public facilities
 - Vaccination information
 - Ulsan Cyber Campus
 - Ulsan 21 Net
 - List of City of Ulsan officials and their areas of charge



<Provision of useful information>

- Ulsan Metropolitan City sends e-mails to local residents concerning local news updates, information on bidding or other events and public notices on a daily basis.

A member of Ulsan 21 Net (www.ulsan21.net) can check e-mail-based information sent by Ulsan Metropolitan City on its website.

How to apply for the information service>

- Click the “newsletter” of the service for members located at the top left of Ulsan Metropolitan City’s website.
- (If you are an Ulsan 21 Net member) - Just log on and check the newsletter items you wish to receive.
- (If you are not an Ulsan 21 Net member) - Enter your name and e-mail address and check the newsletter items you wish to receive.

2. Public holidays in Korea

- **Four most important national holidays :**
National Independence Day (anniversary of liberation from Japan in 1919) (March 1), Constitution Day (July 17), Liberation Day (August 15) and National Foundation Day (October 3).
- **Other public holidays :**
New Year’s Day, Buddha’s Birthday (April 8 on the lunar calendar), Children’s Day (May 5), Memorial Day (June 6) and Christmas.
- **Traditional holidays :**
Lunar New Year’s Day (Chinese New Year’s Day) and Chuseok (Harvest Festival) (August 15 on the lunar calendar).



3. News and information

You can get a variety of information in both Korean and English from the websites of newspapers and broadcast stations, including:

- Chosun Ilbo (www.chosun.com)
- Dong-a Ilbo (www.donga.com)
- Korea Times (www.times.hankooki.com)
- Korea Herald (www.koreaherald.co.kr)
- KBS (www.kbs.co.kr)
- MBC (www.imbc.com)
- Kyungsang Ilbo (www.ksilbo.co.kr)
- Ulsan Maeil Shinmun (www.ulsanmaeil.co.kr)
- Ulsan Pear: www.ulsanpear.biz

4. Anecdotes of foreigner's experience in Ulsan

Taking The City Bus

by Matthew Murray



The first time I took a bus in Korea I wrote the name of the area I wanted to go and using a phrasebook I tried to translate the name of the place into Korean. I then waited at a bus stop until one came by that had something that looked sort of like what I had written down. I had no idea how much it cost, so I just put some money in the money taking thing and sat down.

Astoundingly the bus actually took me to where I wanted to go. But now you too can take the bus without having to do lots of research, get onto buses randomly or have friends. Here's the Pear's guide to buses in Ulsan. We've tried to narrow down the buses to ones that go to important places for foreigners.

We've (mostly) decoded the bus numbering system as well: 100's - Bangeojin; 200's - Bukgu Office; 300's Eonyang or Cheonsang; 400's Mugeodong; 500's Ulsan Station heading south; 700's Ulsan Station going ANYWHERE; 800's are completely random; 900's Local Bus.

Sadly, it does take the thrill out of getting on random buses and hoping they take you where you want to go. (The Pear apologises in advance if one of the buses gets lost and goes to Pyongyang - ed)

Check out:

<http://guide.ulsan.go.kr/Traffic/Bus.neo>.

Just type in your bus number for route info.

(With thanks to Fin Madden for actually figuring out the bus routes.)

Getting Out of Ulsan

by Deirdre Madden



Express Bus Terminal

After being in Ulsan for a few weeks or months, one gets familiar with the bars, the food and the local scene. It's time to use a weekend to head out of town and explore the rest of Korea. While most of Korea's cities look pretty much the same on the surface (Family Marts, PC bangs and masses of apartuh's), each city has it's own feel, and offers something different than the others.

Korean drivers are....challenging to negotiate safely, and the roadways are often poorly marked and confusing. Add to that the high cost of gas and tolls on express roads, and driving anywhere becomes costly, even in this small nation. If you're into discovering the differences between Korean cities, I highly recommend catching a bus or train out of town and just seeing what else is out there.

Buses : Korea has a fantastic bus system. There are three types of buses to take you where you need to go: city, inter-city and express. City buses service the city area, but both inter-city and express buses will take you further afield. The only drawback is that buses in Korea, even long distance ones, do not have on-board toilets. On lengthy trips, there will be a stop along the way at a service centre, but keep this in mind before drinking lots of coffee or beer...

Inter-city buses - from the Inter City bus station next to the Lotte Department Store in Samsongdong. Some buses can also be caught at Taewah, Sinbok or Gonguptap Rotaries, or by Munsu Stadium. Some of these buses make stops at small towns along the route.

Ulsan - DongDaegu (East Daegu) Station (Sinbok Rotary stop)

Every 20 minutes from 6 am to 10:40 pm. w5,500

approximately 1 hr, 20 minutes.

Bangeojin - Samsondong - Daegu DongBu

Every 40 minutes from 6:10 am to 9:50 pm. ₩6,400 approximately 1 hr, 30 minutes.

Ulsan - Busan, Nopodong (Munsu Stadium stop)

Every 7 minutes from 5:40 am to 10:20 pm. ₩3,000 approximately 1 hr, 15 minutes.

Bangeojin - Samsondong - Nopodong

Every 20 minutes from 5:50 am - midnight. ₩4,800 approximately 2 hrs from Bangeojin.

Ulsan - Busan, Haeundae (Gonguptap Rotary stop)

Every 20 minutes from 5:30 am to 9:50 pm. ₩5,200 approximately 1 hr, 30 minutes.

Every 30 minutes from 10:20 pm to 1:50 am. ₩6,000.

Bangeojin - Samsondong - Haeundae

Every 2 hours from 6:20 am to 10 pm. ₩5,400 approximately 2 hours
Ulsan - Dong Seoul (East Seoul) Station.

Every hour, but no buses between 7:30 pm and midnight. ₩22,600 during the day, ₩24,900 at night approximately 4 hours.

Ulsan - Gyeongju

Every 20 minutes from 5:40 am to 9:30 pm. ₩3,000 - 5,000. approximately 45 minutes.

guide.ulsan.go.kr/traffic/ccbus.neo (site is in Korean) Prices may not be fully up to date.

Express busses are caught at the Express Bus terminal next to the Lotte Department Store in Samsondong. Some buses can also be caught at Taewah, Sinbok or Gonguptap Rotaries.

Ulsan - Daegu (next to DongDaegu KTX station)

Every hour from 6 am to 10:50 pm. ₩5,100 or ₩7,400. Approximately 1 hour,

30minutes.

Ulsan - Seoul, Gangnam

Buses leave at different times, morning, afternoon and evening, from 6 am to midnight. ₩26,000 - ₩30,000. Approximately 5 hours, 20 minutes.

guide.ulsan.go.kr/traffic/express.neo (site is in Korean)

On top of the multitude of buses leaving at all hours of the night and day for various destinations around the country, there's also a decent network of trains. One benefit of train travel is the on-board bathroom.

Ulsan to DongDaegu (KTX station)

Trains depart from Ulsan Station at 6:30am and 9:30 am, and 1:30pm, 4:30pm and 9:00 pm. There was no price listed on the website but figure on approximately ₩8,000. It takes about 1 hour 40 minutes. This train stops in Hogye and in Gyeongju.

Ulsan to Seoul

Trains depart from Ulsan Station at 7:25 am, 5:25 pm and 9:15pm. There was no price listed on the website, but figure on approximately ₩35,000. It takes about 5 hours and 30 minutes. This train also stops at Hogye and in Gyeongju.

Ulsan to Busan

Trains depart from Ulsan Station almost hourly to Busanjin Station in Busan, but they stop less frequently in Haeundae.

www.korail.go.kr

The KTX doesn't stop in Ulsan (yet), but with a quick hop to Dong-Daegu or Busan you can catch the bullet train to Seoul (and stops in between). It takes about two and a half hours from Daegu to Seoul, and one way tickets cost 33,000 won. Add the one and a half hour bus ride to Dong-Daegu and you still save time over the Ulsan-Seoul express bus.

There is also the city bus to Nopodong in Busan, 1127, which stops all over Ulsan, and costs about ₩1,800. It takes a long time to get to Nopodong, however, as it stops at every cluster of houses between Ulsan and Busan.

Now get out there and enjoy Korea!

Getting Out of Ulsan

by Deirdre Madden



So you have taken the first step in the world of Korean martial arts but now you have realized that although the instruction is good, you have now idea what your master is saying. Fear not, in my two and a half years of training, I have made every mistake possible and learned from sheer embarrassment.

Remember one thing, that no matter how hard the training and no matter how frustrated you get, your attitude is key. You are there to train and to learn a martial art. This is not going to come easy. You have to trust in your master that he knows how to teach you. Too often, foreigners begin training and say “He doesn’t know how to teach me.” This is not true, he’s an expert and you have to understand that.

If you are simply there to become a ninja within your contract, please stay home. Likewise if you are taking morning classes and keep missing due to unforeseen hangovers. Some masters take it very personally and you have to understand how bad that makes you look. If you are only going to be a part time student, communicate this to your instructor before you start skipping classes.

Manners are very important here and this is something that many foreigners forget when they are frustrated during practice. Always remember that your master has been through this all before and you must trust in his knowledge. There are many ways to learn things and you can’t expect to be taught in the Western way.

Repetition is essential for training. You are teaching your body to react and to remember. It is just like learning how to skip or dance, but with more ass kicking: you just have to keep doing it

and your body will adapt and improve with time. This is the basic form of teaching in Korean martial arts training. They will show you once or twice and then you have to do the same set of maneuvers millions of times throughout your time there. This is their way of training.

You must have the correct mind set in order to train. You must leave your Western ideals at the door when you enter the do-jong. You must look at the master as a father figure and your fellow members like brothers and sisters. Training is five days a week and it is sort of expected that you try to make it there each day until you reach black belt. The reason for this is so that your body is trained correctly and you have the proper foundation to build on those skills. Once you have obtained a basic knowledge of the skills, then you can afford to miss the odd class, but in many places your commitment is increased due to your high rank.

Often times, language is a part of the frustration. So I have compiled a short list of the more common terms that you may in order to help you out.

<i>Do-bok</i> Uniform	<i>Di</i> Belt	<i>Moo-sool</i> Martial Arts	<i>Hyung</i> A series of connected moves taught in Hapkido; form
<i>Do-Jong</i> Training area	<i>Ho-shin-soo</i> Self-defense Techniques	<i>Jok-sool</i> Kick training	<i>Soo-ki</i> Hand Techniques
<i>Gyeong-Nay</i> Bow	<i>Su-ryeon</i> Practice	<i>Cha-ryeot</i> Attention	<i>Goo-man</i> Stop
<i>Jeong Jwa</i> Kneeling	<i>Ki-hap</i> Martial Arts Yell	<i>Junbi</i> Ready	<i>Mom-pul-gi</i> Exercises
<i>Geut</i> Finish	<i>Baro</i> at ease	<i>She-jak</i> Start	<i>Hyeol</i> Pressure point
<i>Ja-say</i> Stance	<i>Nuk-bub</i> falling or tumbling	<i>Bang-ab</i> Defense	<i>Kong-gyuk</i> Attack

These are just some of the basic phrases that you will hear in most do-jongs. Once you start understanding the basic words that they are saying, it will greatly help with your understanding of martial arts.

Eating Etiquette In Korea

by Deirdre Madden



If you've been invited out for dinner by your boss or colleagues there are some basic etiquette rules you may want to follow so as not to accidentally offend your hosts. Good manners are universal, but the actual details of good Korean manners are sometimes complicated and different from the rules passed to us by Ms. Manners or Mom.

1. Don't blow your nose at the table. This is highly offensive. If the spicy food is making your nose run, either discretely blot, or excuse yourself to the bathroom to blow.
2. Don't start eating before the senior person at the table.
3. Reaching across the table is fine. You don't have to "pass the salt" unless it's beyond your reach.
4. Don't clear your plate! At home this would bring on lectures of starving children in the world, but here it's a sign that your host has not provided enough food for you. This implies stinginess on their part.
5. Sharing food from one bowl makes relationships closer.
6. Only use your right hand for utensils. Put your chopsticks on the table, or across the top of your dish while you use your spoon, and vice versa.
7. Don't drink from the soup bowls - use your spoon. Koreans don't lift their dishes while eating.
8. The best seat, centre table facing the door, should be reserved for the most senior person.
9. Never use your hands to touch the food - always use your utensils. The exception is when eating galbi (ribs) you're supplied with a cotton glove. Put the glove on your left hand, leaving your right free for chopsticks. When you are eating meat or ssam bap (wrapped rice) it is fine to pick up the lettuce or sesame leaves with your

free hand and load it with your chopsticks.

10. It is more polite to take the food from the shared dish to your plate before putting it into your mouth.
11. In the old days, people did not talk while eating, so don't be surprised if people aren't too talkative until after the meal.
12. Never leave your chopsticks sticking out of your rice bowl. It is disrespectful, as this is a part of a ritual for the dead. On a related note, never write a Korean person's name in red, as that colour is used only for writing the names of the deceased.
13. One person pays for everyone's meal. Usually a group will take turns, much like we from the West buy rounds at the bar.
14. If you are entering a restaurant with floor seating, you must remove your shoes before standing on the raised floor/seating area.

The drinking rules are almost as complicated:

1. If offered an empty glass, take it in both hands, let them pour your drink, then drain the glass and return it. You should then fill the glass for the person who filled your glass. Use two hands when pouring. Like eating from the same dish, sharing a glass is a symbol of close relationships.
2. The juniors must keep the seniors glass filled.
3. Accept from a senior with both hands on your glass, and consume the drink with your face turned away from them.
4. Don't pour your own drink! And don't let anyone else pour for themselves, either.
5. When pouring for someone else, use two hands on the bottle, or have your left hand touching your right arm or elbow. You should also cup the bottle's label in your palm.
6. A traditional toast is gom bae, which means cheers. Raise your glass in your right hand with your left hand touching your right arm or elbow, clink glasses and drink.
7. Draining your glass is a cue to your host to refill your drink.

So, now you won't embarrass yourself, accept those dinner offers and experience the warmth of Korean hospitality. Just watch out for the soju.

Street Food

by Deirdre Madden



They are everywhere; tiny tents with steam issuing forth, an ajumma or ajushi hidden inside frying, boiling or roasting away. But what are those foods that they're cooking? And can you eat them without a case of Ajumma's Revenge?

While Korean food/hygiene standards seem fairly lax, it is pretty safe to eat street stall food. Most is cooked in either boiling water or fried in oil which one would assume would kill most of the microbes that do a number on your digestive tract. This isn't a guarantee, however - you may want to be wary of particularly sketchy looking food stands.

There are basically two categories of street food to be found in Korea - sweet and savoury.

Sweet : Usually made from a pancake-like batter and fried. Often in cutie shapes. Fillings vary.

- Pancakes filled with cinnamon and sugar, sometimes with nuts.
- Walnut shaped tiny cakes with sneaky bean (sweet red bean) filling.
- Sneaky bean filled "fish".
- Waffle sandwiches with creamy filling, sometimes with nuts.
- Glazed strawberry skewers.
- Fresh fruit juices (usually found only in hotter months).

Savoury :

- Hotdogs in batter (aka corndogs or pogos), sometimes there are french fries rolled into the batter.
- Dok (chewy rice-based dough) on sticks, usually in a spicy bbq type sauce.
- Chicken skewers, usually in a spicy bbq type or honey-garlic type sauce.



- Processed fish on a stick. It's the stuff they keep in boiling water, it's kind of pale and looks like it might be cooked egg. It's actually fishmeal, and is pretty bland.
- Korean pancakes. Batter with strips of onion, carrot, etc mixed in.
- Pancake pocket with egg cooked inside. Sometimes has a bit of salsa like stuff on the egg.
- Toast. Toasted sandwiches with egg/ham/cheese in various combinations. Best if you get them to leave off the sugary spread they like to put on it.
- Noodle soup. Often sold in little back alley booths. Much better than ramyeon noodles.
- Roasted sweet potatoes.
- Steamed white potatoes.
- Roasted nuts (usually walnuts or chestnuts).

Street stall food is a fun part of the Korean experience, so don't be afraid to try some out. And the variety and availability change often; keep your eye out for new and exciting taste experiences.

Korean Food

by Deirdre Madden



So you're new in town and you're hungry. But the only "Korean" food you've eaten before is rice, and you have no idea what you want, or how to order it. Before you give it all up and become best friends with the Pizza Palm's delivery guy, check this out. And remember that your mother was right? you should try it. You might like it.

Kimchi

Basic Korean side dish to every meal. It's pickled cabbage spiced with gochujang (red pepper paste). Sometimes other veggies are spiced and pickled, too. Every ajumma's is different, so try it in different places. Mool kimchi is just kimchi in water.

Bulgogi

Korean Barbeque. Strips of marinated meat cooked on the table in front of you. Comes with an assorted array of side dishes, mostly kimchi or kimchified veggies. Sogogi is beef, dweggi gogi is pork.

Sam Gyup Sal

Literally it means "three layers of fat" It's basically the same cut of pork as bacon, but it's not cured. I've heard it's very good for your heart. Again, you cook it on the table in front of you. The proper way to eat it is to roll the cooked meat in the provided leaves, along with garlic and sauce.

Donkas

Similar to schnitzel. Breaded pork cutlets served with a tasty sauce and usually a side of white rice and corn. One of the "fusion" foods, a mix of Korean and western cooking. Deep fried and served with gravy, it's pretty western.

Kimbap

Rice (bap), ham, egg, and sweet radish rolled in seaweed (kim). You can also find it with tuna (chamchi).

Dwonjan Chiggae

A slightly spicy soup filled with veggies, and sometimes various types of meat and seafood. When I say slightly spicy, it's comparable to a medium salsa back home.

Mandu

Korea's answer to dumplings. Dough stuffed with rice and meat (gogi), kimchi or veggies. It's then steamed. Served with soy sauce and pickled radish (moo).

Kimchi Chiggae

A spicy soup made with kimchi and other veggies. Kimchi chiggae can sometimes be very spicy, so be careful. There can also be meat in it, so vegetarians need to ask for it "gogi beygo".

Sam Gye Tang

Basically it's chicken and ginseng soup, but the chicken comes whole and stuffed with rice and other goodies. Very tasty, and good when you've got a cold.

Hay Chang Guk

Good Morning Soup. It's the Korean hangover cure; a soup usually made from pork-spine. I was told by one cook that it's vegetarian...

Cheesy Rice (Cheeju Dak Yatche Bokumbap)

A stir fry of rice, chicken, veggies, cheese and gochujang (red pepper) sauce.



Dak Galbi

A spicy chicken stir fry with veggies and glutinous rice sticks (dok), bring your own bread and freak out the staff by making a delicious dak galib sandwich.

Huay

Sliced raw fish with side dishes.

Bul Dak

Fire chicken. Very spicy. Popular with the nightclub crowd in Samsandong.

Ramyun

Like Mr. Noodle it's cheap, fast and tasty. The one night stand of Korean food.

Ja Jang Myun

Glass noodles with black bean sauce. Can be anywhere from medium hot to super-mouth-burning hot. Delivered by those crazy drivers on the little red and white bikes.

Nang Myun

Ice noodles. Think "ice cream" without the fun.

Cho Bap

Raw fish on rice. Remarkably resembles sashimi.

Bebimbap

A big bowl of rice covered in cooked veggies with an egg on top, sometimes it comes in a hotpot (dolsot). Beimbap is popular with vegetarians, since it is usually meat free, but to be sure, order it "gogi beygo".

Bokumbap

Fried rice. You can often get different varieties, like tuna (chamchi), or seafood.



Buying Western Food

by Deirdre Madden



So you've been in Korea for a little while, and you're enjoying trying all the new foods and varieties of Kimchi and Samgyupsal, but some days you just really want something you know; food from home. Here's a little guide for finding various ingredients and Western foods in and around Ulsan. It's useful to know things like the Subway in Bangojin sells Canada Dry ginger ale...

Home Plus (Yaumdong and Bangudong. *The Homeplus in Mugeodong is tiny and only stocks the essentials*) :

Pasta & sauces, Campbell's soups, Heinz baked beans, tuna packed in water, whole wheat bread (sometimes), those yummy carmalized cookies you sometimes get at coffee shops, salsa, Dr Pepper.

Walmart (in Hakseongdong, near Hakseong Park) :
Sour cream, Carr's table water crackers, smoked bacon, bagels.

Carrefour (Ga-la-poo for taxis. Hogye, North of Ulsan, past the airport):
Taco kits, jams and chocolates from Europe, various French soups.



Foreigner's Compound Store (Banjeogin, 2nd Floor of the Clubhouse Tuesdays and Fridays 5-8pm) :

Cheese (from Costco), sour cream, dried chickpeas, Indian spices, lentils (sometimes).

Bakery near the Foreigner's Compound (if you walk out of the Foreigners compound up the big stairs by the pool it's on the right) :

Pita bread, whole wheat bread, sourdough bread, rye bread, big pretzels, chocolate cake without Sneaky Bean. If you bring in a recipe, they'll try to make it for you.

Bakery Supply Store (on the Bukbu Beltway, between the Homeplus exit and Seodong) :

All baking supplies except whole wheat, flour tortillas, canned chick peas, Mexican chilli beans, puff pastry, fish oil, pad Thai mix, creme de menthe liqueur, Grand Marnier liqueur, vanilla.

Stohrer's Bakery (Daldong) :

Good baguettes, whole wheat bread, excellent cakes, cranberry breads. Apparently the owners studied in France and Japan before opening their bakery here.

Costco (Daegu) :

Mac 'n' cheese, cheese (a fairly wide variety for a decent price), big things of salsa, marinated artichoke hearts, decent beer and wine, asparagus, bags of avocados, guacamole, whole frozen turkeys, pumpkin pies, frozen blueberries, tortellini.

Now you have no reason not to cook at home.

Getting Started On A Motorbike

by Fin Madden



There are many theories about the legality of riding bikes here. Take it from somebody who has been wedged under, bounced off, or landed on most models from the local Hyundai plant; being legal is a must. Here is the down and dirty of how to get a license, register, and insure your bike.

It is commonly believed that you need a license for any bike over 50cc's. This is not true; you need a drivers license to drive ANY bike that has more than pedals. Your home license is NOT enough, you must have either an international drivers permit, or a Korean drivers license. The international drivers license is only issued in your home country, and it's only valid for one year. A Korean license is not difficult to get and if you are Canadian, congratulations, you just won a prize. Of all the foreign countries, Canada is the only one where you can simply exchange your license for a 2 Jongbutong, or level 2 car license. This makes it legal for you to drive a regular car (less than 13 passengers) and a 124.9cc motorbike or scooter.

For anything over 124.9ccs you need a motorbike license. The test is simple to arrange through the drivers office, and happens every first and third Thursday of the month. You arrive, pay your 5000 won and wait in a viewing room as various people make asses out of themselves. They give you a 250cc Hyosung Mirage which you have no time to acquaint yourself with, and then you have to ride through the four challenges. If you put your foot down or hit a sensor you get a fault, one fault, okay, two faults goodbye. It is simply steering and balance, there is no braking involved in the test.

To get any license you need at least 3 passport sized photos of yourself, your alien card, and a Korean speaking friend.

Now you've got a license...it's time to insure that bike.

You do not have to have license plates for a 50cc bike, nor do you need insurance...but it's not a bad idea. For anything over 50cc's you need to register your bike with the district office, or -gu office. Again, this seems simple, but without a Korean speaker, you are going to spend the better part of your life in waiting rooms drinking stale coffee.

The most foreign friendly insurance company is Hyundai. Their first level of coverage is 10 million won to the other guy's car, and limitless to the other person. 50cc costs about 90,000 won, 125cc is about 110,000 won, and anything larger will cost you a bit more. The second level of insurance is maximum 20 million on the car, so if, like me, you like hitting luxury cars, this might be for you. 50cc will cost you 275,000 won, and above will cost you over 300,000 won. The third level of insurance is probably best if you do not have medical insurance. It will cost you around 450,000 won, but it covers 25 million to the car, unlimited to the other person, and 15 million for yourself.

Unfortunately there is NO theft insurance currently available for your bike, so the only thing you can do is lock it up, twice or three times if necessary. You'll need to have your alien card, driver's license and a Korean friend to do all the telephone work for insurance.

To sell a bike you have to have your alien card, the certificate with the big seal, and the number plate (unless it's 50cc). If not the bike is likely stolen, and it might get seized by the police with no recompensation.

The two best guys to help you sort through everything are Jay at Ulsan Autobike, and Mr. Goh at Daegyung in Bangeojin.

To get to the drivers license office, take hwy 24 to Eonyang and head through town, following signs for Seoknamsa. After Eonyang you will see signs for the Drivers Licenses Examination center. It's on the left.

Bath Houses For Dummies

by Colin Kangas



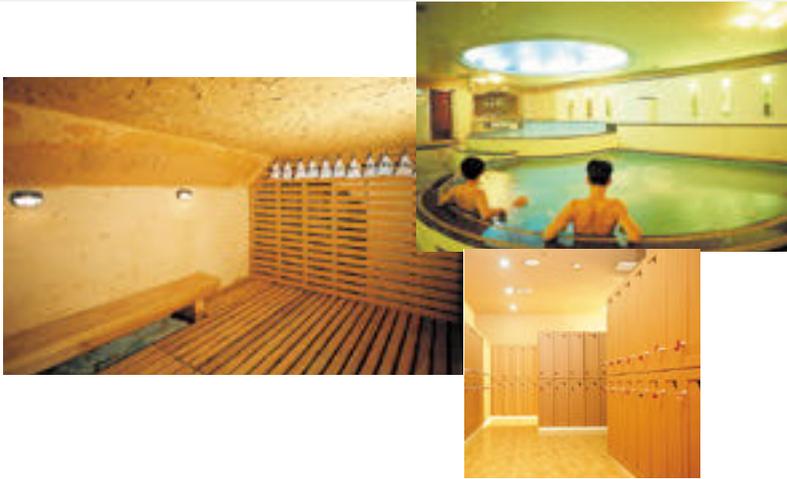
Getting naked in a room full of Koreans? No way! For my first year in Korea I steadfastly refused to go anywhere near a bath house. It wasn't until my second year that curiosity got the better of me and I caved in. I prepared myself for the stares, the giggling and the pointing at the funny waygook. Almost disappointingly, there were none.

After countless hours spent soaking in bath houses I've yet to chalk up a bad experience. Sure, as a foreigner you are noticed at first. But any initial curiosity soon subsides and you are left to blend in. If you're nervous you could just use the old method of picturing everyone naked^o oh wait, they all are. So really, you have nothing to worry about.

All bath houses have pretty much the same set up. When you enter, ask for "sauna" and you will receive a numbered locker key. The price should be around 4000-5000 won. Ask which floor or door you have to go to so you don't end up walking into the opposite sex's area. Leave your shoes at the entrance in the racks or lock them in your numbered shoe locker if provided. When you enter, find your locker and get naked. The key is on a handy band that you can keep on your wrist or ankle.

You don't have to worry too much about committing any social faux pas because there are very few rules. Just watch the Koreans and see what they do. The one rule you have to follow is that you must shower before you do anything else.

There will be showers with soap near the entrance. The various hot tubs are for soaking, not for washing yourself. Girls, the one extra rule you have to follow is to tie your hair up.



From here it's up to you. Enjoy trying out the different pools and saunas. It's a good idea to test the water temperature first before jumping in. Some are hot enough to cook you like a lobster. Others, I'm sure, could cause frost bite within five minutes. When you're starting to resemble a prune it's time to shower again and head out. Towels are kept at the door to the dressing room.

This month I had the hard research job of trying out major bath houses around Ulsan. A tough job, but someone had to do it. Here's a summary what makes each one good and bad.

Family Spa

Ulsan's largest. The definite feature of this place are the individual hot tubs. There are also four small herbal hot tubs, water jet massage chairs and the usual saunas. If you bring a swimsuit you can join your friends in the mixed sex swimming pool area that's reached by a staircase within the bath house area.

Getting there : Behind Chunggu Homeplus.

Geonguptop Rotary Sauna

This place is fairly new. It's smaller than Family Spa but they've packed a lot in. On top of the usual hot tubs there is a herbal tub, water jet massage chairs and a strange area that lets you sit on the floor with your legs in a trench of hot water (I don't get it but the Koreans seem to like it). My favorite part would have to

be the cool room; a place where you can get out of the hot steamy main room and cool off on a pool chair.

Getting there: Take McDonalds exit from Geonguptop (towards Yaumdong Homeplus), its 200m on the left.

Aqua

This has to be my favorite of all. Aqua is fairly new and has many great features that make it stand out. As well as the usual hot tubs there is a medium temperature tub that you could comfortably stay in all day (the only one I've found in Ulsan). The TV facing it showing SBS Sports is great (the girls may get another choice in channel).

Another great feature is the outdoor hot tub so you can escape the steam if you want. The saunas consist of the usual dry sauna and a wet "crystal" sauna. The latter has a bucket of salt so you can give yourself a good salt rub down (I have no idea why you would). For the smokers there is even an indoor smoking room.

Getting there : From Sinbok rotary in Mugeodong head towards the university. Turn right after the Nike store, it's 200m on the right.

ABS Sports Spa

The big neon signs outside seem to promise a lot but this is just a standard old fashion bath house. If you are just looking for a quiet place to sit in a hot tub or sauna then it's perfectly adequate. I, on the other hand, like a few bells and whistles.

Getting there : It's on the main street of Hwabangdong. Look up for the sign.

Appendix

1. Etiquette in Everyday Life
2. Procedure for real estate acquisition in Korea by foreigners
3. Basic conversation in Korean
4. Foreign Embassies and Consulates in Korea
5. Interpretation service
6. Helpful Telephone Numbers
7. Airport Telephone Numbers
8. International Air Carries
9. Tourist Map

| Ulsan Sports Park |

Acclaimed as the gem of the international football world, the Ulsan Munsu Football Stadium is the most frequented venue by Ulsan residents and tourists because of its spectacular scenery. Mt. Munsu and Mt. Namam and a nearby lake serve as a natural backdrop.



Appendix

1. Etiquette in Everyday Life

1) Table Manners

- Traditionally, Korean restaurants serve a set menu by which all the dishes forming a meal are served at one time rather than by course. As there is no set rule on the order of eating dishes in Hanjeongsik (literally “Korean set meal”), you can eat anything at anytime as you desire.
- You don’t have to eat everything on the table, only those dishes that tempt your palate. If you wish to have more, all you have to do is ask and typically you will be given more at no additional charge. The dishes that form the meal, usually rice, soup, kimchi and other side dishes, are included in the price.
- Koreans use a spoon and chopsticks when they eat a regular meal. Korean tradition directs that you never stick your spoon or chopsticks in the rice, as that is a practice performed at memorial rituals to honor the deceased. Knives are never used at a meal.
- Never join a table where a senior has already started to eat.
- Don’t stir a dish with your spoon or chopsticks, and when you use them, try to take up a portion of the food as cleanly as possible.
- When you eat a meal with seniors, never start eating before they do except on a special occasion.
- Be careful not to eat too fast or too slow, and always try to keep pace with others sharing the table.
- Don’t use a spoon and chopsticks at the same time while eating.
- Don’t leave the table before your seniors finish their meal.
- Don’t talk in a loud voice when you have a conversation over a meal.

<Traditional Korean Dishes>

Traditional Korean dishes are distinguished by their use of a great variety of vegetables, making them healthy and low in calories.

- Some of the better known Korean dishes you may want to order at a restaurant include bulgogi (“roast beef”), kimchi, galbitang (“beef ribs in a hot pot”), bibimbap (“mixed rice”), mandutguk (“dumpling soup”) and naengmyeon (“cold noodle”).

• Popular Korean dishes

- **Doenjang Jjigae** : One of the most loved traditional dishes among Koreans, this hot pot is made of doenjang (fermented soybean paste) with various other ingredients such as tofu. It is typically served with warm cooked rice and other side dishes.



- **Baekban** : Literally “white dish,” the menu consists of warm cooked rice served with various side dishes.

- **Kalguksu** : This “knife-cut noodle” is served in a large bowl with seasoned fish or chicken stock.

- **Dosirak** : Conceived from the traditional “lunch box,” the menu consists of cooked rice with various side dishes arranged in a box.

- **Jjajangmyeon** : This noodle topped with stir-fried black soy sauce called jjajang has been one of the most loved Chinese-origin Korean dishes among the Korean people.

- **Maeuntang** : Literally “spicy stew,” this soup is characterized by stock flavored with delightfully hot chili sauce.

- **Sirutteok** : This “steamed rice cake” is made by steaming layers of rice powder with sweet mashed red beans between the layers.

- **Kimchi** : Made with various vegetables mixed with spicy seasoning and then fermented, kimchi is the best known Korean food and is served at almost every meal in Korean homes. The most loved part of kimchi is the Korean cabbage used to make it called baechu.

Baechu kimchi is made by mixing or stuffing salted cabbage leaves with spicy seasoning paste, a mixture of hot red pepper powder, garlic, fish sauce and other ingredients. It then undergoes a fermentation process that can take days or months before it is actually served.

While kimchi is now acknowledged as a great health food in many parts of the world, making it at home is not as easy as it looks. Thankfully, many brands of kimchi products are sold in both modern style supermarkets and traditional marketplaces.

- **Bulgogi and Galbi** : Two of Korea's most popular beef dishes, bulgogi and galbi are made by roasting, grilling or broiling thin slices (for bulgogi) or ribs (galbi) of beef marinated with a sauce made of garlic and other ingredients.

2) Drinking Manners

- Some of the most favored alcoholic beverages among Korean people include soju, maekju (beer), yangju (strong Western liquors such as whisky and cognac), and makgeolli ("rustic rice wine").

The most popular alcoholic beverage of Korea : Soju

The most popular alcoholic beverage in Korea is soju. Its main ingredients are rice, sweet potato, barley and molasses, and it has an alcohol content of 23 to 25%. Soju is typically consumed with fish stews and meat roasts.

- At a drinking party, cups are filled in order of age, or, in the workplace, in order of position.
- When drinking before parents or others of the older generation, it is polite when taking a drink to slightly turn your body to one side rather than directly face them.
- Some Koreans like to pass their cup around the party, but it is now regarded as ill mannered. If you see someone who has an empty cup, offer to fill it.
- Refusing a drink at a Korean drinking party can sometimes be interpreted as unmannerly. If you have a reason to refrain from drinking, explain the situation and have only a symbolic amount of wine in your cup.
- At a Korean drinking party, drinks are typically served with various meat dishes and fruits.

Terms used at a drinking party

- **Sul** : Refers to any "alcoholic beverage"; some use the term yakju, "medicinal alcoholic drink," to refer to traditional homemade beverages.
- **Jan** : Refers to a container used for drinking such as a cup or a glass. The terms sojujan, maekjujan and yangjujan refer to the drinking vessels for soju, beer and Western liquor.
- **Anju** : Literally "drink inviter," it refers to various appetizers and dishes served with alcohol.

- **Uihayeo** : An expression used as a toast, like "Cheers!" in English. If you want to make a toast to someone's health or successful business, you may toast with expressions like "Geongangeul uihayeo" and "Saeobeul uihayeo." Or you may simply want to say "Geonbae!" ("Let's drink").

2. Procedure for real estate acquisition in Korea by foreigners

1) Summary

(1) Liberalization of aliens' real estate acquisition

- In the past, the domestic real estate market remained closed to foreigners. However, the market was completely opened in an effort to invigorate the shrunken market and attract foreign direct investment following the nation's financial crisis in 1997 and 1998.
- Under the amended Aliens' Land Ownership Act, foreigners can now acquire land regardless of purpose as long as they report it to the relevant authorities. (In the past, foreigners could only acquire land for business purposes and were obligated by law to gain approval from the local administrative unit.)
- However, acquisition of land in areas protected due to military facilities, cultural properties or ecological conservation requires prior approval by the relevant authorities (Aliens' Land Ownership Act, Article 4).
- Foreigners are subject to the same regulations concerning acquisition, utilization and development of land as are Koreans.

	Previously	Now
Alien individual	A resident alien holding an F-2 visa valid up to 5 years was allowed to acquire residential land no larger than 200 pyeong (=0.16 acre) and commercial land no larger than 50 pyeong (0.04 acre).	All aliens are now allowed to acquire land, regardless of use or size.
Alien corporation	An alien business was allowed to acquire land required for its production facilities or offices.	All aliens are allowed to acquire land, regardless of use or size.
Procedure	Prior approval of the local administrative unit was required.	Report the acquisition to the local administrative unit within 60 days of the signing of the contract.

(2) Details of real estate-related deregulation

- The business of building lease/sale and land lease/development was deregulated in April and May 1998, respectively, allowing foreigners to be engaged in business with no restrictions.
- Under the Housing Site Development Promotion Act amended in April 1999, private businesses, including foreign corporations, were allowed to take part in the business of housing site development and supply. (In the past, such a business was confined to KOLAND or local administrative units.)
 - It is still not possible for a single business to carry out such a development. It is necessary to take part in a corporation (with an equity stake not higher than 50 percent) jointly invested with the state, a local administrative unit, KOLAND, the Korea Housing Corporation.
- Under the Real Estate Brokerage Act amended in September 1998, foreigners are allowed to be registered as real estate brokers.
- Under the Implementation Rules of the Housing Construction Promotion Act amended in June 1999, it is now possible to build and supply an apartment complex for 20 or more non-Korean households.

	Previously	Now
Building lease/sales business	Confined to a corporation in which foreign-based capital accounts for 50 percent or higher.	Fully deregulated in April 1999.
Land lease/development business	Not granted to aliens.	Fully deregulated in May 1999.
Real estate brokerage	Not granted to aliens.	Fully deregulated in September 1999.
Housing land development /supply business	Not granted to aliens.	With amendment to the law in April 1999, an alien business can now take part in a corporation (with an equity stake not higher than 50 percent) jointly invested by the state, a local administrative unit, KOLAND, the Korea Housing Corporation.

**(3) Major real estate-related deregulations**

- Measures taken for invigoration of land market: Regulations lifted on areas that require prior approval for land transaction and on the ceiling related to housing land ownership.
- Measures taken for invigoration of housing market: Alleviation of restrictions related to the drawing of lucky numbers in winning new apartments, the transfer of ownership of newly built apartments, the sales prices of apartments and the sale of those built as rental apartments in the early stage.

	Previously	Now
Regulations lifted on areas that require prior approval for land transaction	Areas of large-scale development projects, such as the construction of high-speed railroads and new airports, were designated as those requiring prior approval for land transaction.	Fully deregulated on April 20, 1998 “Green belt” areas were newly designated as those requiring prior approval for land transaction on November 25, 1998.)
Regulations lifted on the ceiling related to housing land ownership	Special assessment was levied on an individual owning housing land larger than 200 pyeong (0.16 acre) in total or a corporation owning housing land not related to its business in the seven leading cities.	Fully deregulated in September 1998.

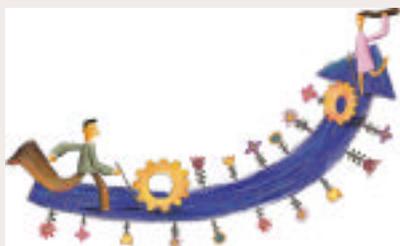
2) Aliens' land acquisition

- There are three major laws applying to the acquisition of land by foreigners (except those equally applying to Koreans).
- Different laws may apply, depending on the purpose of land acquisition or on whether the foreigner resides in Korea or not.
 - Aliens' Land Ownership Act: Stipulates general matters related to aliens' land acquisition in Korea.
 - Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Act: Contains contents relates to the procedure for reporting foreign direct investment, tax reduction/exemption for foreign direct investment and benefits given in purchasing state-owned land for a foreign investor.
 - Foreign Exchange Transaction Act: Stipulates regulations concerning foreign exchange related to aliens' purchase of real estate in Korea.
 - When a resident alien purchases a house to live in, he/she must report the fact of land acquisition under the Aliens' Land Ownership Act.

- However, when a non-resident alien purchases real estate, he/she shall report the fact of real estate acquisition under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act concerning the inflow of foreign exchange, in addition to complying with the requirements under the Aliens' Land Ownership Act.
- An alien acquiring land as an investment after establishing a corporation in Korea shall comply with the obligations of reporting the fact of foreign direct investment under the Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Act, of registering as a foreign direct investor corporation and of reporting the fact of land acquisition.

<Laws related to aliens' land acquisition>

	Aliens' Land Ownership Act	Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Act	Foreign Exchange Transaction Act
Applied to	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An alien (an individual of non-Korean nationality, an alien corporation, or a domestic corporation, more than half of whose equity stakes are held by aliens.) Does not apply to those who have permanent resident status. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An alien (an individual of non-Korean nationality, an alien corporation.) Applies to those with permanent resident status. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A non-resident alien Those with permanent resident status are considered non-resident aliens but are exempted from the obligation of reporting the fact of real estate acquisition.
Major content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An alien acquiring land in Korea shall follow the procedure of reporting it 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Foreign direct investment stipulated in the said law shall follow the procedure of reporting it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A non-resident alien acquiring the right related to real estate in Korea shall follow the procedure of reporting it.
Report made to /Timing of reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Land Register Department of the local administrative unit. • Not later than 60 days from the signing of the contract. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relevant foreign exchange bank (both headquarters and local branches.) • Prior to the inflow of the investment fund. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relevant foreign exchange bank (both headquarters and local branches.) • At the time of withdrawing the acquisition fund from its account.



3) Procedure for aliens' land acquisition by type

There are four major types of aliens engaged in land acquisition in Korea:

- Foreign-invested corporation: Refers to a corporation established in Korea for business and engaged in the acquisition of real estate.
- Resident alien: It refers to the branch in Korea of a foreign-based corporation engaged in the acquisition of real estate.
- Non-resident alien: It refers to a foreign-based corporation engaged in the acquisition of real estate.
- Those with the status of permanent resident.

(1) Foreign-invested corporation

Form

- An alien establishes a local corporation (a foreign-invested corporation) for business activities under the Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Act and is engaged in the acquisition of real estate in the name of that corporation. (e.g.: purchase of a building to be used in connection with the business, or a site to be used for a production facility).

If the corporation opens a branch in Korea, it shall report the fact of opening a branch to the relevant foreign exchange bank and acquire real estate in the name of the branch after registration of the branch. (In this case, the Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Act does not apply.)

Relevant laws : Aliens' Land Ownership Act and Real Estate Registration Act

Procedure for real estate acquisition



- Reporting land acquisition
 - Deadline for reporting: Not later than 60 days from the signing of the real estate transaction contract.
 - Report to be made to: Land Register Department of the local administrative unit.

- Documents required to be submitted: Real estate acquisition contract, copy of the real estate register (Applies only to a corporation in which the equity stakes of aliens amount to 50 percent or higher.)
(Under the Aliens' Land Ownership Act, a business in which the equity stakes of aliens amounts to lower than 50 percent is not regarded as an alien corporation.)
- Real estate registration
 - Deadline for reporting: Not later than 60 days from the signing of the real estate transaction contract (payment of the final portion of the contract amount.)
 - Registration to be made at: Registration office having jurisdiction over the area where the relevant land is located.
 - Documents required to be submitted: Copy of the corporate register (or a copy of the Alien Registration Card in the case of an individual,) application for registration, the contract document, the registered certificate of title, a copy of the real estate register.

A power of attorney containing the signature of the entrusting party is also required in the case of application of registration by an agent.

(2) A resident alien

Form

- A resident alien's purchase of an apartment
 - Real estate acquisition by the local branch of a foreign-based corporation
- In the case of a resident alien, he/she shall report the fact of real estate acquisition to the local administrative unit not later than 60 days from the signing of the transaction contract and then register the ownership transfer. (He/she has no obligation of following the procedure of reporting under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act.)

Relevant laws

- Aliens' Land Ownership Act and Real Estate Registration Act

Procedure for real estate acquisition

Signing the real estate transaction contract. ⇨ Reporting the land acquisition. ⇨ Registration of the ownership transfer.

- Reporting land acquisition
 - Deadline for reporting: Not later than 60 days from the signing of the real estate transaction contract.
 - Report to be made to: Land Register Department of the local administrative unit.
 - Documents required to be submitted: Real estate acquisition contract, a copy of the real estate register.
- Real estate registration
 - Deadline for reporting: Not later than 60 days from the signing of the real estate transaction contract (payment of the final portion of the contract amount.)
 - Registration to be made at: Registration office having jurisdiction over the area where the relevant land is located.
 - Documents required to be submitted: Copy of the Alien Registration Card (or a copy of the branch register, as the case may be,) application for register, contract document, registered certificate of title, a copy of the real estate register.

A power of attorney containing the signature of the entrusting party is also required in the case of application of registration by an agent.

4) Taking the real estate transaction fund into Korea, or out of Korea

- Under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act, there are two main types of funds related to real estate transaction: those taken, or remitted from a foreign country and those made in Korea.
- In the case of a real estate transaction carried out with funds taken or remitted from a foreign country, the flow of funds into Korea by a resident or non-resident alien, or the flow of funds out of Korea is allowed to be made freely (provided that the flow of funds obtained from real estate sale out of Korea shall be reported to the relevant foreign exchange bank.)
- The flow of funds, out of Korea, obtained from the sale of real estate acquired with funds made in Korea, shall be reported to the Bank of Korea.

(1) Foreign-invested businesses and local branches of foreign-based businesses

- Flow of funds into Korea.
 - As stated in Procedure III for Aliens' Real Estate Acquisition Act, a foreign

investor intending to register itself as a foreigner-invested corporation may take funds for real estate acquisition into Korea after reporting its intention for investment and then proceed with its registration, following completion of preparations, including real estate acquisition.

- The local branch of a foreign-based corporation may go ahead with real estate acquisition after taking funds into Korea in the form of an operating fund through the designated foreign exchange bank. (Foreign Exchange Transaction Regulations, Article 7-80.)
- Flow of funds out of Korea
 - Normally, real estate is acquired with capital stock of the foreign-invested corporation or operating fund of the local branch, not with funds taken into Korea on each case of acquisition. Likewise, the proceeds from real estate disposal shall be taken out of the country as decrease in capital stock or dividend (in the case of a foreign-invested corporation.) or as operating profit (in the case of a local branch of a foreign-based corporation), not on each case of disposal.
 - As for the local branch of a foreign-based corporation, decrease in operating fund is not allowed, except in the case of taking the proceeds from closing the branch out of Korea.
 - Procedure for taking funds out of Korea: A foreign-invested corporation registered in Korea may take the proceeds from disposal of real estate for business after making a report on the transfer of stock etc. and a payment report to the relevant foreign exchange bank.

(2) Resident aliens

- The flow of funds into Korea
 - An ordinary resident alien may acquire real estate in Korea for residential or non-profit-making purposes in Korea by taking funds into the country. (He/she has no obligation to report taking funds into the country under the Foreign Exchange Transaction Act.)
- Flow of funds out of Korea
 - Proceeds from the disposal of real estate acquired with funds taken from a foreign country (including funds deposited in a foreign currency deposit account) can be taken out of Korea by reporting the payment to the relevant foreign exchange bank. (Foreign Exchange Transaction Regulations, Article 2-3, Paragraph 1.)
 - In other cases (i.e. when purchasing real estate with funds made in Korea.)

the fact of taking the proceeds from real estate disposal out of Korea by a resident alien shall be reported to the Bank of Korea. (Foreign Exchange Transaction Regulations, Article 2-3, Paragraph 1.)

(3) Non-resident aliens

- A non-resident alien taking funds for the acquisition of real estate for non-profit-making purposes into Korea shall make a real estate acquisition report to the relevant foreign exchange bank. The proceeds from the disposal of real estate thus reported can be taken out of Korea by reporting the fact to the relevant foreign exchange bank.
- When taking out of Korea the proceeds from the disposal of real estate not reported as stated in the foregoing at the time of acquisition, the fact shall be reported to the Bank of Korea.

A non-resident alien, including a foreign-based corporation, shall establish a branch or local corporation in Korea under the Commercial Law, Article 614, first, if he/she/it wishes to acquire real estate for profit-making, including leasing it.

- If a foreign-based corporation has purchased real estate in Korea in its name and then intends to use it for profit-making, including leasing it, it shall establish a local corporation and then change the name of the owner of the real estate. In such a case, it shall pay tax (such as acquisition/registration tax) twice due to the ownership transfer requirement.
- There have been Korean businesses dependent on the Sale & Lease method in disposal of their real estate to foreign-based corporations due to shortage of funds. "Lease" in such a case is also a profit-making act. Thus, the relevant foreign-based corporations shall establish their branches or local corporations in Korea.



3. Basic conversation in Korean

English	Korean
Yes	Ne or YE
No	ANIYO
Right	ORON-CHOK
Left	WEN-CHOK
Straight	TOK-PA-RO
Thank You	KAM-SA-HAM-NI-DA
You're Welcome	CHON-MA-NE-YO
How much?	OL-MA-IMNIKA
Hello?(Telephone)	YO-BO-SE-YO
Hello?(Greeting) (Good morning/Afternoon/Evening)	AN-YOUNG-HA-SE-YO
Good Bye(Leaving)	AN-NYONG-HI-KYE-SE-YO
Good Bye(Staying)	AN-NYONG-HI-KA-SE-YO
I am sorry	MI-AN-HAM-NI-DA
Foreigner's School	WEH-GUK-IN-HAK-KYO

Denominations of Money	Korean pronunciation
Money - 10 Won	- SIP WON
Money - 100 Won	- BAEK WON
Money - 1,000 Won	- CHEON WON
Money - 10,000 Won	- MAN WON
Money - 1,000, 000Won	- BAEK MAN WON

Number	Figure	
	Chinese style	Korean style
1	il	ha-na
2	i	dul
3	sam	set
4	sa	net
5	oh	ta-sot
6	yuk	yo-sot
7	chil	il-gop
8	pal	yo-dol
9	ku	a-hop
10	ship	yol

When you need help.

- **Help!**
dowa juseyo !
- **Will you make a phone call for me?**
Jeo daesin jeonhwa-reul georeo jusigesseumnikk?
?
- **Please lend me your phone.**
Jeonhwa-reul billyeo jusipsio.
- **I've lost my wallet.**
Jigap-eul ireo beoryeosseumnida.
- **My hand bag's been stolen.**
Handeubaek-eul doduk majasseumnida.
- **Please call the police.**
Gyeongchal-eul bullyeo jusipsiyo.
- **I need help with a traffic accident.**
Gyotong sago-ui sangdam-eul hago sipseumnida.

Expressing yourself

- **I don't know.**
Jeoneun jal moreugesseumnida.
- **I understand.**
Jal algesseumnida.
- **Really?**
Jeongmarimnika? ?
- **I'm happy.**
Gippeumnida.

- I'm sad.
Seulpeumnida?
- I regret it./That's regrettable/I'm sorry [that happened to you].
Yugam innida.
- Please do it.
Butak deurimmida.
- Not yet?/Still?
Ajigimmika. ?
- And your name is?
Daegui seonghameun? ?
- Do you know ?
eul algo gyesimnikka? ~ ?
- I want to go to
,e gago sipseumnida. ~ 가
- Do you speak English?
Yeongeong hal jul asimnikka? ?

Greetings

- Thank you.
Gamsa hamnida.
- I'm pleased to meet you.
Cheom boepgesseumnida.
- I'm in good health, thank you.
Deokbune geongang hamnida.
- It's been a long time (since we've met).
Oraegan man innida.

- Pleased to see you again.
Tto manna boepge doeeo bangapseumnida.
- Are all your endeavors going well?
Hasineun iri eotteosseumnikka? ?
- Please convey my greetings to everyone in your family.
*Gajok yeoreobunkkedo anbu jeonhae jusipsiyo.
가*
- Goodbye (to person going)
Annyeonghi gaseyo. 가
- Goodbye (to person staying)
Annyeonghi jumuseyo.
- Thank you for your concern.
*Yeoreo gajiro geokjeonghae jusyeoseo gamsa hamnida.
가*

Making introductions

- Excuse me for interputing.
Mallseum junge sillye hamnida.
- My name is Tom Brown.
Je ireumeun tom beuraun innida.
- I'm Filipino.
Jeoneun pillipin saram innida.
- I'm from Thailand.
Jeoneun taeguk-eseo wasseumnida.
- What kind of work do you do?
Eotteon ireul hago gyesimnikka? ?

- Thank you for your help (in the future).
Jal butak deurimnida.

Apologies, asking again

- My apologies.
Joesong hamnida.
- Excuse me (about something already happened)
Sillye hesseumnida.
- I've been a hassle for you.
Pyereul kkichyeosseumnida.
- Sorry to keep you waiting.
Mani gidarisyosseumnida.
- Don't worry.
Geokjeong haji maseyo.
- Could you explain that again?
Dasi hanbeon malsseumhae jusipsiyo.
- What did you say?
Meorago malsseum hasyeosseumnikka? ?
- Could you please speak louder?
Jogeum deo keun soriro malsseumhae jusipsiyo.

Asking favors.

- How would tomorrow be?
Naeireun eotteosseumnikka? ?
- Would Wednesday next week be alright?
Da-eumju suyoireun kkwaenchanseumnikka? ?

- I have a favor to ask of you.
Butak deuril geosi isseumnidaman.
- Kindly wait a moment, please.
Jamkkanman gidaryeo jusipsiyo. .
- Would you like to go for a walk (together)?
Hamkke sanbo hasigesseumnikka? ?
- Would you like to go see a movie (together)?
Hamkke yeonghwa boreo gasigesseumnikka? 가 ?

Weather / Time

- It's really nice weather.
Aju joheun nalssigunyo.
- It's cloudy today.
Oneureun heurin nallssi imnida.
- It's raining/snowing.
Biga/nuni oneun gunyo. ()가()
- It's hot today.
Oneureun depgunyo.
- It's cold today.
Oneureun chupgunyo.
- Excuse me, but what time is it?
Mian hajiman, jigeum myeossi imnikka? ?
- I'll see you at 9 o'clock.
Ahopsie chaja boepgesseumnida. 9

Disease / Injury

- Please call an ambulance.
Gugeupchareul bullyeo juseyo.
- I would like to be seen by a doctor.
Uisa-ege jinchareul batgo sipseumnida.
- Is there a doctor that speaks English?
Yongeoreul hal jul aneun uisaneun isseumnikka?
?
- What's the name of my disease?
Jeo-ui byeongmyeongeun mueosimnikka? ?
- Will I be better soon?
Geumbang joajilkkayo? ?
- Do I have to be admitted to the hospital?
Ibwon haeya hamnikka? ?
- Please give me a receipt.
Yeongsujeungeul juseyo.
- Please give me emergency treatment.
Eungeup cheochireul hae juseyo.
- Is there a pharmacy nearby?
Geuncheoe yakgugi isseumnikka? ?
- Do you have headache medicine?
Dutongyageun isseumnikka? ?

Housing related expressions.

- How much is the room?
Bangseneun eolma imnikka? ?

- I would like to rent a home.
Jibeul billigo sipseumnikka?
- What do I need to sign a/the contract?
Gyeyageul hal ttae mueosi piryo hamnikka? ?
- Will you inspect the gas?
Gaseureul jeomgeomhae jusigesseumnikka? 가 ?
- Where do I put my garbage?
beorineun jangsongeun eodi imnikka? ?
- On what day do we dispose of our garbage in this neighborhood?
Igoseun museun yoire sseuregireul beorimnikka?
?
- The restroom (toilet) is stuck.
Hwajangsiri makhyeoseumnikka?
- This is a noisy neighborhood.
Iuse soeumi simhamnida.

Telephone / Post / Bank related expressions

- I would like to have a telephone (line) installed.
Jeonhwareul notgo sipseumnida.
- Is there a public telephone nearby?
Igeuncheoe gongjung jeonhwaga isseumnikka?
가 ?
- I would like to make a long distance call.
Sioe jeonhwareul hago sipseumnida.
- Please make this a collect call.
Kollekteu kollo hae jusipsiyo.
- (S)he's not there? I'll call again later.
An gyesimnikka? Najunge tto jeonhwa hagesseumnida.
?

- Is there a mailbox nearby?

Geuncheoe uchetongi isseumnikka? ?

- Where can I buy stamps?

Upyoneun eodieseo salsu isseumnikka? ?

- How many days will it take?

Myeochil geollimnikka? ?

- I would like to open a bank account (get a bank book).

Eunhaeng tongjangeul mandeulgo sipseumnida.

- I would also like to have an ATM card made.

Hyeongseum kadeudo mandeulgo sipseumnida.

- I would like to have my phone bills paid directly from my account.

Jeonhwa yogeumui napbu susogeul butak hamnida.

- I would like to send money to Vietnam.

Vietname songgeumeul hago sipseumnida.

Shopping

- How much is this?

Igeoseun eolma imnikka? ?

- What is this?

Igeoseun eolma imnkka? ?

- Do you have something less expensive?

Jogeum deo ssan geoseun eopseumnikka? ?

- Can I have it for a little less?

Jogeum deo ssage hae jusipsiyo.

- Where do I pay?

Gyesandaeneun eodi isseumnikka? ?

- Please give me a receipt.

Yeongsujeungeul jusipsiyo.

- Please show me something else.

Dareun geoseul boyeo juseyo.

- I'll take this one.

Igeoseuro hagesseumnida.

- Please wrap them separately.

Ttaro ttaro ssa jusipsiyo.

Food

- Is a tip necessary?

Tibeun piryo hamnikka? ?

- Please give me some water.

Mureul jusipsiyo.

- I'll eat here.

Yeogiseo meokgesseumnida.

- I'd like to pay now.

Gyesaneul butak hamnida.

- Can I use a (credit) card?

Kadeuneun sayonghal su isseumnikka? ?

- That was good ('I ate well')

Aju jal meogeosseumnida.

- That was delicious.

Aju masisseosseumnida.

Transportation

- Please give me a (train, bus) ticket to .
kkajiui seungchagwon hanjangeul juseyo.
1 .
- How much is a round-trip ticket?
Wangbok seungchagwoneun eolma imnikka? ?
- I want to go to , where should I take the subway (bus)?
e gagoja haneunde eodiseo beosreul tamyeon doemnikka?
가 () ?
- If I'm going to , is this the subway to take?
e garyeomyeon i jeoncheoreul tamyeon doemnikka?
가 ?
- When does the last subway depart?
Majimak jihacheoreun myeossi imnikka? ?
- How long does it take to get to ?
kkajineun eolmana geollimnikka? ?
- Do I need a reservation?
Yeyagi piryo hamnikka? ?
- Where is the bus stop?
Beoseu jeongnyujangeun eodi imnikka? ?
- Where does one catch a taxi?
Taeksi taneun goseun eodi imnikka? ?
- Please take me to (to taxi driver).
kkaji butak hamnida. .()
- Please stop here.
Yeogiseo seowo jusipsiyo. .

Leisure / Touring

- Where is a/the library?
Doseogwaneun eodie isseumnikka? ?
- How much is the admission fee?
Ipjangnyoneun eolma imnikka? ?
- Please give me two adult tickets.
Eoreun du jang jusipsiyo. .
- May I take a picture?
Sajineul jjigeodo doemnikka? ?
- Would you take my/our picture?
Sajineul jjigeo jusigesseumnikka? ?
- Where are we?/Where is this?
Yeogineun eodi imnikka? ?
- I've lost my way.
Gireul ireosseumnida. .
- Which way is north?
Bukjjogeun eodi imnikk? ?
- Is there a church nearby?
I geuncheoe gyohoega isseumnikka? 가 ?
- What's the simplest way to get to ?
eneun eotteoke ganeun geosi gajang gandan hamnikka?
가 가 ?
- Is park far (from here)?
gongwon kkajineun meomnikka? ?

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sirdja01@kornet.net

Argentina Embassy

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Australian Embassy

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Jongno 1-ga, Jongno-gu,
Seoul. K.P.O.Box 562
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Austria Embassy

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Belgium Embassy

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Seoul@Diplobel.org

Bolivia Embassy

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Brazil Embassy

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Bulgaria Embassy

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Canada Embassy

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6299, Seoul
10th & 11th Fl., Kolon Bldg., 45
Tel : 3455-6000 Fax : 755-0686

Chile Embassy

14th Fl. Heungkuk Life Insurance
Bldg., 226, Sinmunno 1-Ga,
Jongno-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 2122-2600 Fax : 2122-2601
Echilekr@Unitel.Co.Kr

China Embassy

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Colombia Embassy

13th Fl., Kyobo Bldg.,
1 Jongno 1-Ga, Jongnogu,
K.P.O.Box 1175, Seoul
Tel : 720-1369 Fax : 725-6959

Congo (Dr) Embassy

702, Daewoo Complex Bldg 167,
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Denmark Embassy

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Dominica, Rep Embassy

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Gabon Embassy

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Germany Embassy

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Greece Embassy

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Guatemala Embassy

3422, Hotel Lotte, 1 Sogong-Dong,
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Honduras Embassy

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55, Yeouido-Dong,
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653-24 Hannam-Dong, Yongsan-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 793-8692, 749-1090
Fax : 793-8693

Sweden Embassy

12th Fl., Hanhyo Bldg., 136 Seorin-Dong, Jonno-Gu, K.P.O.Box1154, Seoul
Tel : 738-0846 Fax : 733-1317

Switzerland Embassy

32-10, Songwol-Dong, Jongno-Gu C.P.O.Box 2900 (100-629), Jongno-Gu, Seoul 100-101
Tel : 739-9511/4 Fax : 737-9392
Swissemb@Elim.Net

Thailand Embassy

653-7, Hannam-Dong, Yongsan-Gu
Tel : 795-3098/0095 Fax : 798-3448
Rteseoul@Kornet.Net

Tunisia Embassy

1-17, Dongbinggo-Dong, Yongsan-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 790-4334/5 Fax : 790-4333
Tunseoul@Att.Co.Kr

Turkey Embassy

Vivien Corporation Bldg., 4-52 Seobinggo-Dong, Yongsan-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 794-0255/3778
Fax : 797-8546
Tcseulbe@Kornet.Net

U.A.E Embassy

5-5, Hannam-Dong, Yongsan-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 790-3235/7 Fax : 790-3238

Ukraine Embassy

904,905,906, Diplomatic Center, 1376-1 Seoch 2-Dong, Seocho-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 578-6910 Fax : 578-5514
Ukremb@Kornet.Com

Interpretation service

United Kingdom

4 Jeong-dong, Jung-gu, Seoul,
100-120
Tel : 3210-5500 Fax : 725-1738
webmaster@britain.or.NITED
STATES

USA Embassy

82, Sejongno, Jongno-gu, Seoul
Tel : 397-4114 Fax : 738-8845

Uruguay Embassy

Rm. 1025, Daewoo Center Building
545-Ga, Namdaemunno,
Jung-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 753-7893, 754-0720
Fax : 777-4129
Uruseul@Kornet.Net

Uzbekistan Embassy

Room 701, Diplomatic Center
1376-1 Seocho 2-Dong,
Seocho-Gu, Seoul
Tel : 574-6554 Fax : 578-0576

Venezuela Embassy

16 Fl., Jaeil Enhang Build.,
100 Gongpyeongdong,
Jongno-gu, Seoul, 110-702
Tel : 732-1546/7 Fax : 732-1548

China Consulate

1418, U 2(i)-dong, Haeundae-gu,
Busan
Tel : 743-7988,7983 / Fax : 743-7987

Consulate General of Japan

1147-11, Choryang-dong, Dong-gu
Tel: 465-5101 / Fax: 464-1630

Russian Consulate

89-1, 4(sa)-ga, Jungang-dong,
Jung-gu, Ulsan
Tel :441-9904~5 Fax : 464-4404

French Cultural Center

1 Fl, Dongseong Building, 1145-1,
Choryang 3(sam)-dong, Dong-gu
Tel : 465-0306 Fax : 465-0341

1) English

	Name	Telephone	E-mail	Remark
Economic Policy Department, Ulsan Metropolitan City Hall	Kim No-gyeong	O)052-229-2740 H)016-567-1115	maykim@ulsan21.net	Civic affairs
Economic Policy Department, Ulsan Metropolitan City Hall	Lee Dong-jae	O)052-229-2742 H) 019-324-6870	ldjk@ulsan21.net	Civic affairs
Tourist Information Center	Sim Seong-hi	052-229-6350	sunnie116@hanmail.net	Tourism information
Tourist Information Center in Ulsan Airport	Lee Hyo-jin	052-229-6351	exchange99@hanmail.net	Tourism information
Tourist Information Center in Express Bus Terminal	Kim Ji-young	052-229-6353	lovement81@hanmail.net	Tourism information

2) Japanese

	Name	Telephone	E-mail	Remark
Economic Policy Department, Ulsan Metropolitan City Hall	An Jong-hwa	O)052-229-2741 H)010-5848-0233	ajh09@ulsan21.net	Civic affairs
Tourist Information Center	Lee Byeol-nim	052-229-6350	78hosi@hanmail.net	Tourism information
Tourist Information Center in Ulsan Airport	Lee Jeong-hwa	052-229-6351	kodomo1980@hanmail.net	Tourism information
Tourist Information Center in Express Bus Terminal	Hwnag Ji-hyeon	052-229-6353	hwangso0629@hanmail.net	Tourism information

3) Chinese

	Name	Telephone	E-mail	Remark
Economic Policy Department, Ulsan Metropolitan City Hall	Lee Jin-hi	O)052-229-2744 H)016-9294-7290	jini7291@ulsan21.net	Civic affairs
Business Support Center	Kim Yun-a	052-229-6566	danep@ubsc.or.kr	Industry and business support
Tourist Information Center	Gang Hye-jeong	052-229-6350	jhuijing@hotmail.com	Tourism information
Tourist Information Center in Ulsan Airport	Kim Ji-young	052-229-6351	imkky@hanmail.net	Tourism information

Helpful Telephone Numbers

1. Emergency Phone Numbers

- Fire, medical emergencies : Dial 119 www.rescue.go.kr
- Police : Dial 112 www.police.go.kr
- Broken telephone reports : (Nationwide) 110, (With local prefix)+1166
- Gas-related emergencies : (With local prefix)+0019
- Electricity failures : 123
- Electricity problem reports : 080-7777-123

2. Telephone / Telegram Information

- Local information : 114 www.yellowpages.co.kr
- Other city information : Local prefix+114
- Domestic telegrams : 115 www.kt.co.kr
- International telegrams : 00795 www.kt.co.kr
- International information : 00794 www.kt.co.kr

3. Tourist information

- Korea National Tourism Organization : www.visitkorea.or.kr
 - Tourist Information : 1330(English, Chinese, French, Japanese, Spanish)
 - Tourism Exhibition : 02-757-0086 www.knto.or.kr
 - Tourism Complaints : 02-735-0101
- Ulsan City Tourist Center : 052-229-2000 guide.ulsan.go.kr

4. Transportation

- Korea National Railroad : 1544-7788 www.korail.go.kr
- Ulsan Railroad : 052-272-9726
- Ulsan Express Bus Terminal : 052- 268-1556
- Ulsan Inter-city Bus Terminals : (Ulsan) 052-275-8087
(Eonyang) 052-262-1007
(Beongeojin) 052-232-3723
- Ulsan Airport : 052-219-6309 www.ulsanairport.co.kr

Airport Telephone Numbers

1. Incheon International Airport(international flights)

Department	Telephone Number	Department	Telephone Number
Airport(general)	032-741-0114	Immigration	032-740-7116
Incheon Quarantine	032-740-2700	Customs	032-740-3333
Food Quarantine	032-740-5800	Shipping companies	Hanjin 032-743-5804 Daehan 032-743-5300
Airport Police	032-740-5561-4	Airport Post Office	032-740-2900
Cultural Asset Appraisal	032-740-2921	Business Center	032-743-7100
Transit Hotel	032-743-3000	Theft Reports	032-740-1118
Medical Center	032-743-3119	Lost & Found	032-741-3114
KOTRA Airport Office	032-740-2601	Banks, Currency Exchange	CHB 032-743-6001
	032-740-2603		Korea Exchange 032-743-2299 Shinhan 032-743-5100 Woori 032-743-5000
Korea National Tourism Organization	032-743-2600-3	Veterinary Quarantine	032-740-2700

Homepage : www.airport.or.kr/eng/airport

2. Regional Airports

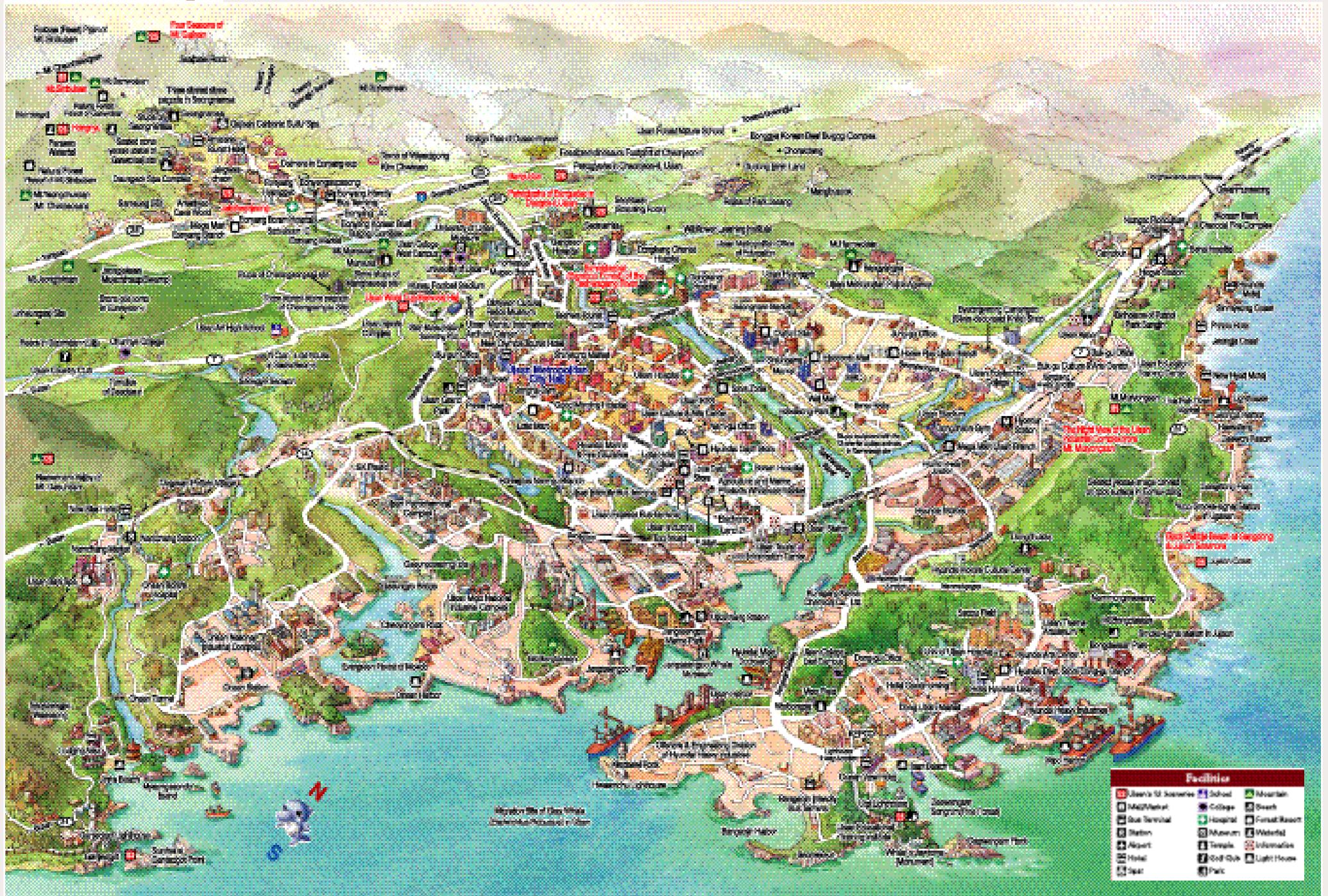
Airport	Type	Telephone	Homepage
Gimpo	Domestic	02-660-2475~6	gimpo.airport.co.kr
Gimhae	Domestic	051-970-2811/2800	gimhae.airport.co.kr
	International	051-970-2341/2700	
Jeju	Domestic/International	064-740-8492	jeju.airport.co.kr
Daegu	Domestic/International	053-983-1994	daegu.airport.co.kr
Gwangju	Domestic	062-940-0214	gwangju.airport.co.kr
Ulsan	Domestic	052-219-6309/6310	ulsan.airport.co.kr
Cheongju	Domestic/International	043-210-6114	cheongju.airport.co.kr
Yangyang	Domestic/International	033-673-0114	yangyang.airport.co.kr
Yeosu	Domestic	061-683-7997	yeosu.airport.co.kr
Mokpo	Domestic	061-469-2114	mokpo.airport.co.kr
Sacheon	Domestic	055-852-0768	sacheon.airport.co.kr
Pohang	Domestic	054-284-4767	pohang.airport.co.kr
Yecheon	Domestic	054-650-2114	yecheon.airport.co.kr
Gunsan	Domestic	063-471-5051	gunsan.airport.co.kr

International Air Carries

Name	IATA Code	ICAO Code	Country	Telephone (02)	Homepage
American Airlines	AA	AAL	USA		www.aa.com
Air France	AF	AFR	France	318-3788	www.airfrance.net
All Nippon Airways	NH	ANA	Japan	752-5500	www.ana.co.jp
Air Canada	AC	ACA	Canada	779-5654	www.aircanada.ca
Alitalia	AZ	AZA	Italy		www.alitalia.it
Air New Zealand	NZ	ANZ	New Zealand		www.airnz.co.nz
Aeroflot	SU	AFL	Russia	551-0321	www.russia.net
Ansett Australia	AN	AAA	Australia		www.ansett.com.au
Air China	CA	CCA	China	774-6886	www.airchina.com.cn
Air India	AI	AIC	India		www.airindia.com
Air Macau	NX	AMU	Macau		www.airmacau.com.mo
Aeromexico	AM	AMX	Mexico		www.aeromexico.com
Air Kazakhstan	9Y	KZ1	Russia	756-3700	www.airkaz.com
Asiana Airlines	OZ	AAR	Korea	1588-8000	www.flyasiana.com
Atlas Air	5Y	GTI	USA		www.atlasair.com
British Airways	BA	BAW	UK		www.british-airways.com
Continental Airlines	CO	COA	USA		www.continental.com
Cathay Pacific	CX	CPA	Hong Kong	311-2800	www.cathaypacific.com
Canadian Airlines	CP	CDN	Canada		www.aircanada.com
Cebu Pacific Airlines	5J	CEB	Philippines	757-5393	
China Airlines	CI	CAL	Taiwan		www.china-airlines.com
China Southern Airlines	CZ	CSN	China	775-9070	www.cs-air.com
China Eastern Airlines	MU	CES	China	518-0330	www.ce-air.com
China Southwest Airlines	SZ	CXN	China	310-9988	www.cswa.com
China Northern Airlines	CJ	CBF	China	775-9070	www.can.in.cninfo.net
China Northwest Airlines	WH	CNW	China	775-6699	
China Hainan Airlines	HU	CHH	China	779-0600	
Cargolux	CV	CLX	Luxembourg		www.cargolux.com
Delta Airlines	DL	DAL	USA		www.delta-air.com
Dragonair	KA	HAD	Hong Kong		www.dragonair.com
East Line	P7	ESL	Russia		www.wm.ru/eastline/
EVA	BR	EVA	Taiwan		www.evaair.com.tw
Emirates	EK	UAE	UAE		www.emirates.com
EI AI Airlines of Israel	LY	ELY	Isreal		www.eal.co.il
Egypt Air	MS	MSR	Egypt		www.egyptair.com.eg
Federal Express	FM	FDX	USA		www.fedexcorp.com
Garuda Indonesia	GA	GIA	Indonesia	773-2092	www.garuda-indonesia.com
Gemini Air Cargo	GR	GCO	USA		www.gac-cargo.com
Gulf Air	GF	GFA	Bahrain		www.gulfairco.com

Name	IATA Code	ICAO Code	Country	Telephone (02)	Homepage
Hainan Airlines	H4	CHH	China		www.hnair.com
Hawaiian Airlines	HA	HAL	USA		www.hawaiianair.com
Iberia Airlines	IB	IBE	Spain		www.iberia.com
Japan Airlines	JL	JAL	Japan	757-1711	www.jal.co.jp
Japan Air System	JD	JAS	Japan	752-9090	www.jas.co.jp
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	KL	KLM	Netherlands	733-7878	www.klm.com
Khabarovsk Aviation	H8	KHB	Russia	777-4864	
Korean Airlines	KE	KAL	Korea	1588-2001	www.koreanair.com
Krasnoyarsk Airlines	7B	KHB	Russia		www.krasair.scn.ru
Kenya Airlines	KQ	KQA	Kenya		www.kenyaairways.co.uk
Lufthansa	LH	DLH	Germany	3420-0400	www.lufthansa.com
Malaysia Airlines	MH	MAS	Malaysia	777-7767	www.malaysia-airlines.com.my
Mongolian Airlines	OM	MGL	Mongolia	756-9761	www.miat.com.mn
Northwest Airlines	NW	NWA	USA	732-1700	www.nwa.com
Nippon Cargo Airlines	KZ	NCA	Japan		www.ananet.or.jp/nca
Orient Thai Airlines	OX	OEA	Thailand	776-7200	
Philippine Airlines	PR	PAL	Philippines	774-3581	www.philippineair.com
Polar Air Cargo	PO	PAC	USA		www.polaraircargo.com
Qantas Airways	QF	QFA	Australia		www.qantas.com.au
Singapore Airlines	SQ	SIA	Singapore	755-1226	www.singaporeair.com
Southwest Airlines	WN	SWA	USA		www.southwest.com
Swiss Air	SR	SWR	Switzerland		www.swissair.com
SAS	SK	SAS	Sweden, Norway Denmark		www.scandinavian.net
Sabena	SN	SAB	Belgium		www.sabena.com
Shkhanlinsk Airlines	HZ	SUH	Russia	753-7131	www.airport.sakhalin.ru
Shenzhen Airlines	4G	CSZ	China		www.shenzhenair.com
South African Airways	SA	SAA	South Africa		www.saa.co.za
Sichuan Airlines	3U	CSC	China		www.hpis.com/sichuan
Saudia	SV	SVA	Saudi Arabia		www.saudiairlines.com
Trans World Airlines	TW	TWA	USA		www.twa.com
Thai Airways Int'l	TG	THA	Thailand	3707-0011	www.thaiair.com
Turkish Airlines	TK	THY	Turkey	777-7055	
UA	UAL	USA	USA	757-1691	www.ual.com
US Airways	US	USA	USA		www.usairways.com
Uzbekistan Airways	HY	UZB	Uzbekistan	754-1041	www.uzbekistan-airways.com
Varig	RG	VRG	Brazil		www.varig.com.br
Virgin Atlantic Airways	VS	VIR	UK		www.virgin-atlantic.com
Vietnam Airlines	VN	HVN	Vietnam	757-8920	www.vietnamair.com.vn
Vladivostok Aviation	XF	VLK	Russia	733-2920	www.vladavia.ru
Yunnan Airlines	3Q	CYH	China	777-8666	

Tourist Map



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